

كتاب العِلمِ

Book of Knowledge



Narrated Abu Huraira Radiullahu Unho

كىيىث Hadith 56

قَالَ أَبِي هُرَيْرَةً مَضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

the Prophet Sallallahu While Alaihe Wasallam was saying something in a gathering, a Bedouin came and asked him, "When would the Hour (Doomsday) take place?" Allah's Apostle Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam continued his talk, so some people said that he (Apostle) had heard the question, but did not like what he (Bedouin) had asked. Some of them said that he (Apostle) had not heard it. When he (Prophet) finished his speech, he said, "Where is the questioner, who enquired the Hour (Doomsday)?" about (Bedouin) said, "I am here, O Allah's Apostle." Then the Prophet said, "When honesty is lost, then wait for the Hour (Doomsday)." The Bedouin said, "How will that be lost?" The Prophet said, "When the power or authority comes in the hands of unfit persons, then wait for the Hour (Doomsday.)"

Narrated 'Abdullah bin 'Amr Radiullahu Unho

كىيىث Hadith 57

قَالَ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ بُنِ عَمْرٍ و يَضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

Once the Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam remained behind us in a journey. He joined us while we were performing ablution for the prayer which was over-due. We were just passing wet hands over our feet (and not washing them properly) so the Prophet addressed us in a loud voice and said twice or thrice: "Save your heels from the fire."

تَخَلَّفَ عَنَّا النَّبِيُّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ فِي سَفُرَةٍ سَافَرُنَاهَا فَأَدُى كَنَا وَقَلُ أَنْهَ هَقَتُنَا الصَّلَاةُ وَنَحُنُ نَتُوضًا مُنَا الصَّلَاةُ وَنَحُنُ نَتُوضًا مُنَا وَقَلُ أَنْهُ لِلنَّا فَنَادَى بِأَعْلَى صَوْتِهِ وَيُلُ فَجَعَلْنَا نَمْ سَحْ عَلَى أَنْهُ لِلنَّا فَنَادَى بِأَعْلَى صَوْتِهِ وَيُلُ لِلْأَعْقَابِ مِنْ النَّامِ مَرَّتَيْنِ أَوْ ثَلَاتًا

Narrated Ibn 'Umar Radiullahu Unho

Hadith 58 كال

قَالَ ابْنِ عُمَرَ رَضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

Allah's Apostle Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam said, "Amongst the trees, there is a tree, the leaves of which do not fall and is like a Muslim. Tell me the name of that tree." Everybody started thinking about the trees of the desert areas. Abdullah says, "And he thought of the date-palm tree but felt shy to answer." The others then asked, "What is that tree, O Allah's Apostle?" He replied, "It is the date-palm tree."

قَالَ مَسُولُ اللّهِ صَلّى اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ إِنَّ مِنُ الشَّجَرِ شَجَرَةً لا يَسُقُطُ وَمَقُهَا وَإِنَّمَا مَثَلُ الْمُسُلِمِ فَحَرِّ ثُونِي مَا هِي فَوَقَعَ النَّاسُ فِي شَجَرِ الْبَوَادِي قَالَ عَبْنُ اللّهِ وَوَقَعَ فِي فَوَقَعَ النَّاسُ فِي شَجَرِ الْبَوَادِي قَالَ عَبْنُ اللّهِ وَوَقَعَ فِي نَفُسِي أَنَّمَا النَّخُلَةُ فَاسْتَحْيَيْتُ ثُمَّ قَالُوا حَرِّ ثُنَا مَا هِي يَا نَفُسِي أَنَّمَا النَّخُلَةُ فَاسْتَحْيَيْتُ ثُمَّ قَالُوا حَرِّ ثُنَا مَا هِي يَا مَسُولَ اللَّهِ قَالَ اللَّهِ قَالَ هِي النَّخَلَةُ مَا اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَاللّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ عِلَيْهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ اللّ

Narrated Ibn 'Umar Radiullahu Unho

كىيىث Hadith 59

قَالَ ابْنِ عُمَرَ رَضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

The Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam said, "Amongst the trees, there is a tree, the leaves of which do not fall and is like a Muslim. Tell me the name of that tree." He says, Everybody started thinking about the trees of the desert areas. Abdullah says, "And he thought of the date-palm tree." The others then asked, "Please inform us what is that tree, O Allah's Apostle?" He replied, "It is the date-palm tree."

عَنُ النَّبِيِّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ قَالَ إِنَّ مِنُ الشَّجَرِ شَكَ النَّبِيِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ قَالَ الْمُسُلِمِ حَلِّ ثُونِي مَا شَجَرَةً لَا يَسُقُطُ وَرَقُهَا وَإِنَّمَا مَثَلُ الْمُسُلِمِ حَلِّ ثُونِي مَا هِي قَالَ فَوقَعَ النَّاسُ فِي شَجَرِ الْبَوَادِي قَالَ عَبُلُ اللَّهِ فَي قَالَ فَوقَعَ إِنَّاسُ فِي شَجَرِ الْبَوَادِي قَالَ عَبُلُ اللَّهِ فَوقَعَ فِي نَفُسِي أَنَّهَا النَّخُلَةُ فَاسْتَحْيَيْتُ ثُمَّ قَالُوا حَلِّ ثُنَا فَوقَعَ فِي نَفُسِي أَنَّهَا النَّخُلَةُ فَاسْتَحْيَيْتُ ثُمَّ قَالُوا حَلِّ ثُنَا مَا هِي يَا رَسُولَ اللَّهِ قَالَ هِي النَّخُلَةُ مَا النَّخُلَةُ فَاسْتَحْيَيْتُ اللَّهُ قَالُوا حَلِّ ثُنَا مَا هِي النَّخُلَةُ فَاسْتَحْيَيْتُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ فَالْوا حَلِّ ثُنَا مَا هُولَ اللَّهُ فَاللَّهُ فَاللَّهُ فَالْوا حَلَّالُهُ اللَّهُ فَا اللَّهُ فَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ فَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ فَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ فَاللَّهُ فَاللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ فَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ فَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ فَاللَّهُ فَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ فَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ الْعَلَيْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّ

Hadith 60, 61, 62 are same as Hadith 59

Narrated Anas bin Malik Radiullahu Unho

كىيىث Hadith 63

قَالَ أَنَسَ بُنَ مَالِكٍ مَ ضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

While we were sitting with the Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam in the mosque, a man came riding on a camel. He made his camel kneel down in the mosque, tied its foreleg and then said: "Who amongst you is Muhammad?" At that time the Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam was sitting amongst us (his companions) leaning on his arm. We replied, "This white man reclining on his arm." The man then addressed him, "O Son of 'Abdul Muttalib."

The Prophet said, "I am here to answer your

بَيْنَمَا نَعُنُ جُلُوسٌ مَعَ النَّبِيِّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ فِي الْمُسْجِدِ دَحَلَ مَجُلُ عَلَى جَمَّلٍ فَأَنَا حَهُ فِي الْمُسْجِدِ دُخَلَ مَ كُمَّلٍ فَأَنَا حَهُ فِي الْمُسْجِدِ ثُمَّمَّ عَلَيْهِ عَقَلَهُ ثُمَّ قَالَ لَهُ مُ أَيُّكُمُ مُحَمَّدٌ وَالنَّبِيُّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ عَقَلَهُ ثُمَّ قَالَ لَهُ مُ أَيُّكُمُ مُحَمَّدٌ وَالنَّبِيُّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ عَقَلَهُ ثُمَّ قَالَ لَهُ مُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ مُتَّكِئٌ بَيْنَ ظَهْرَ انيهِم فَقُلْنَا هَذَا الرَّجُلُ وَسَلَّمَ مُتَّكِئٌ بَيْنَ ظَهْرَ انيهِم فَقُلْنَا هَذَا الرَّجُلُ اللَّهُ الرَّجُلُ اللَّهُ الرَّجُلُ اللَّهُ الرَّبُولُ اللَّهُ الرَّجُلُ اللَّهُ الرَّبُولُ اللَّهُ اللْلَهُ اللَّهُ الل

questions." The man said to the Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam, "I want to ask you something and will be hard in questioning. So do not get angry." The Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam said, "Ask whatever you want." The man said, "I ask you by your Lord, and the Lord of those who were before you, has Allah sent you as an Apostle to all the mankind?" The Prophet replied, "By Allah, yes." The man further said, "I ask you by Allah. Has Allah ordered you to offer five prayers in a day and night (24 hours).? He replied, "By Allah, Yes." The man further said, "I ask you by Allah! Has Allah ordered you to observe fasts during this month of the year (i.e. Ramadan)?" He replied, "By Allah, Yes." The man further said, "I ask you by Allah. Has Allah ordered you to take Zakat (obligatory charity) from our rich people and distribute it amongst our poor people?" The Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam replied, "By Allah, yes." Thereupon that man said, "I have believed in all that with which you have been sent, and I have been sent by my people as a messenger, and I am Dimam bin Tha'laba from the brothers of Bani Sa'd bin Bakr."

فَقَالَ لَهُ النَّبِيُّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ قَنُ أَجَبُتُكَ فَقَالَ الرَّجُلُ لِلنَّبِيِّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ إِنِّي سَائِلُكَ فَمُشَرِّدٌ عَلَيْكَ فِي الْمَسْأَلَةِ فَلَا تَجِلُ عَلَيَّ فِي نَفْسِكَ فَقَالَ سَلِ عَمَّا بَدَا لَكَ فَقَالَ أَسْأَلُكَ بِرَبِّكَ وَرَبِّ مَنْ قَبُلَكَ أَاللَّهُ أَمْسَلَكَ إِلَى النَّاسِ كُلِّهِمْ فَقَالَ اللَّهُمَّ نَعَمُ قَالَ أَنْشُدُكَ بِاللَّهِ أَاللَّهُ أَمَرَكَ أَنْ نُصَلِّى الصَّلَوَاتِ الْحُمْسَ فِي الْيَوْمِ وَاللَّيْلَةِ قَالَ اللَّهُمَّ نَعُمْ قَالَ أَنْشُدُكَ بِاللَّهِ أَاللَّهُ أَمَرَكَ أَن نَصُومَ هَذَا الشَّهُرَ مِن السَّنةِ قَالَ اللَّهُمَّ نَعَمُ قَالَ أَنْشُدُكَ بِاللَّهِ أَاللَّهُ أَمَرَكَ أَنْ تَأْخُذَ هَذِهِ الصَّدَقَةَ مِنْ أَغُنِيائِنَا فَتَقُسِمَهَا عَلَى فُقَرَ ائِنَا فَقَالَ النَّبِيُّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ اللَّهُمَّ نَعُمُ فَقَالَ الرَّجُلُ آمَنْتُ بِمَا جِئْتَ بِهِ وَأَنَا رَسُولُ مَنْ وَرَائِي مِنْ قَوْمِي وَأَنَا ضِمَاهُ بُنُ تَعْلَبَةَ أَجُو بَنِي سَعْدِ بُنِ بَكْرِ

Narrated 'Abdullah bin Abbas Radiullahu Unho

كىيىث Hadith 64

قَالَ عَبُدَ اللَّهِ بُنَ عَبَّاسٍ مَ ضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

Once Allah's Apostle Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam gave a letter to a person and ordered him to go and deliver it to the Governor of Bahrain. (He did so) and the Governor of Bahrain sent it to Chousroes, who read that letter and then tore it to pieces.

(The sub-narrator Ibn Shihab) thinks that Ibn Al-Musaiyab said that Allah's Apostle أَنَّ مَسُولَ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ بَعَثَ بِكِتَابِهِ مَجُلًا وَأَمَرَهُ أَنْ يَكُفَعَهُ إِلَى عَظِيمِ الْبَحْرَيْنِ فَكَفَعُهُ عَظِيمِ الْبَحْرَيْنِ فَكَفَعُهُ عَظِيمِ الْبَحْرَيْنِ فِلَقَاعُ مَرَّقَهُ عَظِيمُ الْبَحْرَيْنِ إِلَى كِسُرَى فَلَمَّا قَرَأَهُ مَرَّقَهُ فَخَطِيمُ الْبَحْرَيْنِ إِلَى كِسُرَى فَلَمَّا قَرَأَهُ مَرَّقَهُ فَخَطِيمُ الْبَحْرَيْنِ إِلَى كِسُرَى فَلَمَّا قَرَأَهُ مَرَّقَهُ فَعَدُ اللهُ اللهُلِمُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُل

Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam invoked Allah against them (saying), "May (Allah) tear them into pieces, and disperse them all totally."

اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ أَنْ يُمَزَّقُوا كُلُّ مُمَزَّتٍ

Narrated Anas bin Malik Radiullahu Unho

كلِيث Hadith 65

قَالَ أُنَسِبُنِ مَالِكٍ مَ ضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

Once the Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam wrote a letter or had an idea of writing a letter. The Prophet was told that they (rulers) would not read letters unless they were sealed. So the Prophet got a silver ring made with "Muhammad Allah's Apostle" engraved on it. As if I were just observing its white glitter in the hand of the Prophet.

كَتَبَ النَّبِيُّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ كِتَابًا أَوْ أَمَادَ أَنْ يَكُتُبُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ كِتَابًا إِلَّا كَخُتُومًا فَاتَّخَذَ يَكُتُبُ فَقِيلَ لَهُ إِنَّهُمُ لَا يَقُرَءُونَ كِتَابًا إِلَّا كَخُتُومًا فَاتَّخَذَ كَتُبُ وَكُنُ عَلَى اللَّهِ كَأَنِّي أَنْظُرُ إِلَى خَاتَمًا مِنُ فِضَّةٍ نَقُشُهُ مُحَمَّدٌ مَسُولُ اللَّهِ كَأَنِّي أَنْظُرُ إِلَى بَاضِهِ فِي يَرِهِ

Narrated Abu Waqid Al-Laithi Radiullahu Unho

كىيىث Hadith 66

قَالَ أَبِي وَاقِدٍ اللَّيْثِيِّيَّ ضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

While Allah's Apostle Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam was sitting in the mosque with some people, three men came. Two of them came in front of Allah's Apostle and the third one went away. The two persons kept standing before Allah's **Apostle** Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam for a while and then one of them found a place in the circle and sat there while the other sat behind the gathering, and the third one went away. When Allah's Apostle Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam finished his preaching, he said, "Shall I tell you about these three persons? One of them be-took himself to Allah, so Allah took him into His grace and mercy and accommodated him, the second felt shy from Allah, so Allah sheltered Him in His mercy (and did not punish him), while the third turned his face from Allah and went away, so Allah turned His face from him likewise. "

أَنَّ مَسُولَ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ بَيْنَمَا هُوَ جَالِسٌ فِي الْمُسْجِدِ وَالنَّاسُ مَعَهُ إِذْ أَقْبَلَ ثَلَاثَةُ نَقَرٍ فَأَقْبَلَ اثْنَانِ إِلَى مَسُولِ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ وَذَهَبَ وَاجِدٌ قَالَ فَوَقَفَا عَلَى مَسُولِ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ فَأَمَّ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ فَأَمَّا أَكُنُهُمَا فَرَأَى فُرْجَةً فِي الْحَلْقَةِ فَجَلَسَ فِيهَا وَأَمَّا الثَّالِثُ فَأَدُبَرَ وَاهِبًا فَلَمَّا أَكُنُهُمَا فَرَأَى فُرْجَةً فِي الْحَلْقَةِ فَجَلَسَ فِيها وَأَمَّا الثَّالِثُ فَأَدُبَرَ وَاهِبًا فَلَمَّا الرَّخُو فَجَلَسَ خَلْفَهُمْ وَأَمَّا الثَّالِثُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ قَالَ أَلَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ قَالَ أَلَا اللَّهُ مِنْهُ وَأَمَّا اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ قَالَ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ قَالَ أَلَا اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ قَالَ أَلَا اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ قَالَ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ قَالَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ قَالَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ قَالَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ

Narrated 'Abdur Rahman bin Abi Bakra's father Radiullahu Unho

كىپىث Hadith 67

قَالَ عَبُدِ الرَّحْمَٰنِ بُنِ أَبِي بَكُرَةً عَنْ أَبِيهِ مَ ضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

Sallallahu the **Prophet** Alaihe Once Wasallam was riding his camel and a man was holding its rein. The Prophet asked, "What is the day today?" We kept quiet, thinking that he might give that day another name. He said, "Isn't it the day of Nahr (slaughtering of the animals of sacrifice)" We replied, "Yes." He further asked, "Which month is this?" We again kept quiet, thinking that he might give it another name. Then he said, "Isn't it the month of Dhul-Hijja?" We replied, "Yes." He said, "Verily! Your blood, property and honor are sacred to one another (i.e. Muslims) like the sanctity of this day of yours, in this month of yours and in this city of yours. It is incumbent upon those who are present to inform those who are absent because those who are absent might comprehend (what I have said) better than the present audience."

ذَكَرَ النَّبِيَّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ قَعَلَ عَلَى بَعِيرِةِ وَأَمْسَكَ إِنْسَانُ بِخِطَامِهِ أَوْبِزِمَامِهِ قَالَ أَيُّ يَوْمٍ هَذَا فَسَكَتُنَا حَتَّى ظَنَنَا أَنَّهُ سَيْسَجِيهِ سِوى السُمِهِ قَالَ أَلَيْسَ فَسَكَتُنَا حَتَّى ظَنَنَا أَنَّهُ سَيْسَجِيهِ سِوى السُمِهِ قَالَ أَلَيْسَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مَنَا فَسَكَتُنَا حَتَّى عَوْمَ النَّهُ اللَّهُ مِنَا فَسَكَتُنَا حَتَّى طَنَنَا أَنَّهُ سَيْسَجِيهِ بِعَيْرِ السُمِهِ فَقَالَ أَلَيْسَ بِنِي الْحِجَةِ فَلَنَا اللَّهُ مَنَا فَسَكَتُنَا حَتَى طَنَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مَنَا فَسَكَتُنَا حَتَى اللَّهُ مَنَا فَلَا اللَّهُ مَنَا فَيَا اللَّهُ عَلَى الْمَعْمِ فَقَالَ أَلْيُسَ بِنِي الْحَجَةِ فَلَنَا اللَّهُ مَنَا فَيَا مَنَا فَيَ وَمَاءَكُمُ وَأَمُوالكُمْ وَأَعُولَ مَلْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مَنَا الْمُعَلِي الشَّاهِ مَنَا الْمَعْلِي الشَّاهِ مُنَا الْمَعْلَى الشَّاهِ مَنَا الْمُعْلَى الشَّاهِ مَنَا الشَّاهِ مَنَا الْمُعْلَى الشَّاهِ مَنَا الْمُعْلَى الشَّاهِ مَنَا الْمُعْلَى الشَّاهِ مَنَا الْمُعْلَى الشَّاهِ مَنَا فَعَلَى الشَّاهِ مَنَا الشَّاهِ مَنَا الشَّاهِ مَنَا الشَّاهِ مَنَا الْمُعْلَى الشَّاهِ مَنَا الْمُعْلَى الشَّاهِ مَنَا الْمُعْلِعُ الشَّاهِ مَنَا الْمُعْلَى الشَّاهِ مَنَا الْمُعْلَى الشَّاهِ مَنَا الْمُعْلَى الشَّاهِ مَنَا الْمُعْلَى السَّلَى السَّلَى الشَّاهِ السَّلِي السَّلَى السَلَّى السَلَى السَلَّى الْمُعْلَى الْمُعْلَى الْمُعْلَى السَلَّى السَلِي السَلَّى السَلَّى

Narrated Ibn Mas'ud Radiullahu Unho

كبيث Hadith 68

قَالَ ابْنِ مَسْعُودٍ مَ ضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

The Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam used to take care of us in preaching by selecting a suitable time, so that we might not get bored. (He abstained from pestering us with sermons and knowledge all the time).

كَانَ النَّبِيُّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ يَتَخَوَّلْنَا بِالْمَوْعِظَةِ فِي النَّامِ كَرَاهَةَ السَّامَةِ عَلَيْنَا

Narrated Anas bin Malik Radiullahu Unho

كايث Hadith 69

قَالَ أَنسِ بُنِ مَالِكٍ ﴾ خِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

The Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam said, "Facilitate things to people (concerning religious matters), and do not make it hard for them and give them good tidings and do not make them run away

عَنُ النَّبِيِّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ قَالَ يَسِّرُوا وَلَا تُعَسِّرُواوَبَشِّرُواوَلَاتُنَفِّرُوا

(from Islam)."

Narrated Abu Wail Radiullahu Unho

كىيىث Hadith 70

قَالَ أَبِي وَائِلِى مَضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

'Abdullah used to give a religious talk to the people on every Thursday. Once a man said, "O Aba 'Abdur Rahman! (By Allah) I wish if you could preach us daily." He replied, "The only thing which prevents me from doing so, is that I hate to bore you, and no doubt I take care of you in preaching by selecting a suitable time just as the Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam used to do with us, for fear of making us bored."

يُنَكِّرُ النَّاسَ فِي كُلِّ مَحْمِيسِ فَقَالَ لَهُ مَجُلُّ يَا أَبَا عَبُلِ السَّحْمَنِ لَوَدِدُتُ أَنَّكَ ذَكَّرُتَنَا كُلَّ يَوْمٍ قَالَ أَمَا إِنَّهُ اللَّهُ حَمَنِ لَوَدِدُتُ أَنَّكَ ذَكَّرُتُنَا كُلَّ يَوْمٍ قَالَ أَمَا إِنَّهُ عَمُنَعْنِي مِنْ ذَلِكَ أَنِّي أَكْرَهُ أَنْ أُمِلَّكُمْ وَإِنِي أَتَخَوَّلُكُمْ عَمَنَعْنِي مِنْ ذَلِكَ أَنِي أَكْرَهُ أَنْ أُمِلَّكُمْ وَإِنِي أَتَخَوَّلُكُمْ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ بِاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ بِاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ يَتَخَوَّلُنَا بِهَا يَخَافَةُ السَّامَةِ عَلَيْنَا اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ يَتَخَوَّلُنَا بِهَا يَخَافَةُ السَّامَةِ عَلَيْنَا

Narrated Muawiya Radiullahu Unho

كىيث Hadith 71

قَالَ مُعَاوِيَةً مَضِيَ اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

I heard Allah's Apostle saying, "If Allah wants to do good to a person, He makes him comprehend the religion. I am just a distributor, but the grant is from Allah. (And remember) that this nation (true Muslims) will keep on following Allah's teachings strictly and they will not be harmed by any one going on a different path till Allah's order (Day of Judgment) is established."

سَمِعَتُ النَّبِيَّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ يَقُولُ مَن يُرِدُ اللَّهُ سِمِعَتُ النَّبِيِّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ الْنَا قَاسِمٌ وَاللَّهُ يُعُطِي بِهِ خَيْرًا يُفَقِّهِ فَي الرِّينِ وَإِنَّمَا أَنَا قَاسِمٌ وَاللَّهُ يُعُطِي وَلَنَ تَزَالَ هَذِهِ الْأُمَّةُ قَائِمَةً عَلَى أَمْرِ اللّهِ لَا يَضُرُّ هُمُ وَلَنُ تَزَالَ هَذِهِ الْأُمَّةُ قَائِمَةً عَلَى أَمْرِ اللّهِ لَا يَضُرُّ هُمُ مَنْ خَالْفَهُمُ حَتَّى يَأْتِي أَمْرُ اللّهِ

Narrated Ibn 'Umar Radiullahu Unho

كبيث Hadith 72

قَالَ ابْنَ عُمَرَى ضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

We were with the Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam and a spadix of date-palm tree was brought to him. On that he said, "Amongst the trees, there is a tree which resembles a Muslim." I wanted to say that it was the date-palm tree but as I was the youngest of all (of them) I kept quiet. And then the Prophet said, "It is the date-palm tree."

كُتَّاعِنُدَ النَّبِيِّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ فَأُنِي بِهِمَّامٍ فَقَالَ إِنَّ مِنُ الشَّجَرِ شَجَرَةً مَثَلُهَا كَمَثَلِ الْمُسْلِمِ فَأَنَّ رَدُتُ أَنُ إِنَّ مِنُ الشَّجَرِ شَجَرَةً مَثَلُهَا كَمَثَلِ الْمُسْلِمِ فَأَنَّ رَدُتُ أَنَ أَصْغَرُ الْقَوْمِ فَسَكَتُ قَالَ أَتُولَ هِي النَّخَلَةُ فَإِذَا أَنَا أَصْغَرُ الْقَوْمِ فَسَكَتُ قَالَ النَّبِيُّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ هِي النَّخُلَةُ النَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ هِي النَّخُلَةُ

Narrated 'Abdullah bin Mas'ud Radiullahu Unho

كايث Hadith 73

قَالَ عَبْنَ اللَّهِ بُنَ مَسْعُودٍ مَ ضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

The Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam said, "Do not wish to be like anyone except in two cases. (The first is) A person, whom Allah has given wealth and he spends it righteously; (the second is) the one whom Allah has given wisdom (the Holy Qur'an) and he acts according to it and teaches it to others."

قَالَ النَّبِيُّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ لَا حَسَنَ إِلَّا فِي اثَّنَتَيْنِ مَجُلُّ آتَاهُ اللَّهُ مَالَا فَسُلِّطَ عَلَى هَلَكَتِهِ فِي الْحُقِّ وَمَجُلُّ آتَاهُ اللَّهُ الْحِكْمَةَ فَهُو يَقْضِي بِهَا وَيُعَلِّمُهَا

Narrated Ibn 'Abbas Radiullahu Unho

كىيىث Hadith 74

قَالَ ابْنِ عَبَّاسٍ مَضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

That he differed with Hur bin Qais bin Hisn Al-Fazari regarding the companion of (the Prophet) Moses. Ibn 'Abbas said that he was Khadir. Meanwhile, Ubai bin Ka'b passed by them and Ibn 'Abbas called him, saying "My friend (Hur) and I have differed regarding Moses' companion whom Moses, asked the way to meet. Have you heard the Prophet mentioning something about him? He said, "Yes. I heard Allah's Apostle Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam saying, "While Moses was sitting in the company of some Israelites, a man came and asked him. "Do you know anyone who is more learned than you? Moses replied: "No." So Allah sent the Divine Inspiration to Moses: 'Yes, Our slave Khadir (is more learned than you.)' Moses asked (Allah) how to meet him (Khadir). So Allah made the fish as a sign for him and he was told that when the fish was lost, he should return (to the place where he had lost it) and there he would meet him (Al-Khadir). So Moses went on looking for the sign of the fish in the sea. The servant-boy of Moses said to him: Do you remember when we betook ourselves to

أَنَّهُ مَمَارَى هُوَ وَالْحُرُّ بُنُ قَيْسِ بُنِ حِصْنِ الْفَرَامِيُّ فِي صَاحِبِ مُوسَى قَالَ ابُنُ عَبَّاسٍ هُوَ خَضِرٌ فَمَرَّ بِهِمَا أُبِيُّ بُنُ كَعْبِ فَدَعَاهُ ابْنُ عَبَّاسٍ فَقَالَ إِنِّي تَمَارَيُتُ أَنَا وَصَاحِبِي هَذَا فِي صَاحِبِ مُوسَى الَّذِي سَأَلَ مُوسَى السَّبِيلَ إِلَى الْقِيِّهِ هَلُ سَمِعْتَ النَّبِيُّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ يَنُكُرُ شَأَّنَهُ قَالَ نَعَمُ سَمِعْتُ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ يَقُولُ بَيْنَمَا مُوسَى فِي مَلَإِ مِنْ بَنِي إِسْرَائِيلَ جَاءَهُ مَجُلٌ فَقَالَ هَلُ تَعْلَمُ أَحَمَّا أَعْلَمَ مِنْكَ قَالَ مُوسَى لَافَأَوْحَى اللَّهُ عَزَّ وَجَلَّ إِلَى مُوسَى بَلَى عَبُكْنَا خَضِرٌ فَسَأَلَ مُوسَى السَّبِيلَ إِلَيْهِ فَجَعَلَ اللَّهُ لَهُ الْحُوتَ آيَةً وَقِيلَ لَهُ إِذَا نَقَدُتَ الْحُوتَ فَأَرْجِعُ فَإِنَّكَ سَتَلْقَاهُ وَكَانَ يَتَّبِعُ أَثَرَ الْحُوتِ فِي الْبَحْرِ فَقَالَ لِمُوسَى

the rock, I indeed forgot the fish, none but Satan made me forget to remember it. On that Moses said: 'That is what we have been seeking? (18.64) So they went back retracing their foot-steps, and found Khadir. (And) what happened further to them is narrated in the Holy Qur'an by Allah. (18.54 up to 18.82)

فَتَاهُ أَمَا أَيْتَ إِذْ أَوَيْنَا إِلَى الصَّخُرَةِ فَإِنِّي نَسِيتُ الْحُوتَ وَمَا أَنُسَانِيهِ إِلَّا الشَّيْطَانُ أَنُ أُذُكُرَهُ قَالَ ذَلِكَ مَا كُتّا نَعْي فَائْ تَسَانِيهِ إِلَّا الشَّيْطَانُ أَنُ أَذُكُرَهُ قَالَ ذَلِكَ مَا كُتّا نَعْي فَائْ تَسَانِيهِ إِلَّا الشَّيْطَانُ أَنُ أَذُكُرَهُ قَالَ ذَلِكَ مَا كُتّا فَكَانَ نَبَعْي فَائْ تَسَانِي قَصَّ اللَّهُ عَرَّوَجَلًا فِي كِتَابِهِ مِنْ شَأْنِهِ مَا الَّذِي قَصَّ اللَّهُ عَرَّوَجَلَ فِي كِتَابِهِ

Narrated Ibn 'Abbas Radiullahu Unho

كىيث Hadith 75

قَالَ ابْنِ عَبَّاسٍ مَ ضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

Once the Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam embraced me and said, "O Allah! Bestow on him the knowledge of the Book (Qur'an)."

ضَمَّنِي مَسُولُ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ وَقَالَ اللَّهُمَّ عَلِّمُهُ الْكِتَابِ

Narrated Ibn 'Abbas Radiullahu Unho

كايث Hadith 76

قَالَ ابْنِ عَبَّاسِ مَضِيَ اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

Once I came riding a she-camel and had (just) attained the age of puberty. Allah's Apostle Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam was offering the prayer at Mina. There was no wall in front of him and I passed in front of some of the row while they were offering their prayers. There I let the she-camel loose to graze and entered the row, and nobody objected to it.

أَقْبَلْتُ مَا كِبًا عَلَى حَمَامٍ أَتَانٍ وَأَنَا يَوْمَئِذٍ قَدُ نَاهَزُتُ اللّهِ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلّمَ يُصَلّي الإحْتِلامَ وَمَسُولُ اللّهِ صَلّى اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلّمَ يُصَلّي مِمِنَى إِلَى غَيْرِ جِدَامٍ فَمَرَمُتُ بَيْنَ يَدَيُ بَعْضِ الصّفِّ وَمَدَعُ فَكَ بَيْنَ يَدَي بَعْضِ الصّفِّ وَالصّفِّ وَالصّفّ وَأَنْ سَلْتُ الْأَتَانَ تَرْتَعُ فَلَ حَلْتُ فِي الصّفِّ فَلَمُ يُنْكُرُ وَأَنْ سَلْتُ الْأَتَانَ تَرْتَعُ فَلَ حَلْتُ فِي الصّفِّ فَلَمُ يُنْكُرُ وَلَا عَلَى الصّفّ فَلَمُ يُنْكُرُ وَلَا عَلَى اللّهِ عَلَى السّمَالِي اللّهِ عَلَى اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّ

Narrated Mahmud bin Rabi'a Radiullahu Unho

كايث Hadith 77

قَالَ مَحْمُودِبُنِ الرَّبِيعِيَ ضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

When I was a boy of five, I remember, the Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam took water from a bucket (used far getting water out of a well) with his mouth and threw it on my face.

عَقَلْتُ مِنُ النَّبِيِّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ جَّكَةً جَبَّهَا فِي وَجَهِي وَأَنَا ابْنُ حَمُسِ سِنِينَ مِنُ دَلْوٍ

Narrated Ibn 'Abbas Radiullahu Unho

كلِيث Hadith 78

قَالَ ابْنِ عَبَّاسٍى ضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

that he differed with Hur bin Qais bin Hisn Al-Fazari regarding the companion of the Prophet Moses. Meanwhile, Ubai bin Ka'b passed by them and Ibn 'Abbas called him saying, "My friend (Hur) and I have differed regarding Moses' companion whom Moses asked the way to meet. Have you heard Allah's Apostle Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam mentioning something about him? Ubai bin Ka'b said: "Yes, I heard the Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam mentioning something about him (saying) while Moses was sitting in the company of some Israelites, a man came and asked him: "Do you know anyone who is more learned than you? Moses replied: "No." So Allah sent the Divine Inspiration to Moses: 'Yes, Our slave Khadir is more learned than you. Moses asked Allah how to meet him (Al-Khadir). So Allah made the fish a sign for him and he was told when the fish was lost, he should return (to the place where he had lost it) and there he would meet him (Al-Khadir). So Moses went on looking for the sign of the fish in the sea. The servant-boy of Moses said: 'Do you remember when we betook ourselves to the rock, I indeed forgot the fish, none but Satan made me forget to remember it. On that Moses said, 'That is what we have been seeking.' So they went back retracing their footsteps, and found Kha,dir. (and) what happened further about them is narrated in the Holy Qur'an by Allah." (18.54 up to 18.82)

أَنَّكُ تَمَارَى هُوَ وَالْحُرُّ بُنُ قَيْسِ بُنِ حِصْنِ الْفَرَامِيُّ فِي صَاحِبِ مُوسَى فَمَرَّ بِهِمَا أُبِيُّ بُنُ كَعُبِ فَلَعَامُ ابْنُ عَبَّاسِ فَقَالَ إِنِّي تَمَامَيُتُ أَنَا وَصَاحِبِي هَذَا فِي صَاحِبِ مُوسَى الَّذِي سَأَلَ السَّبِيلَ إِلَى لُقِيِّهِ هَلُ سَمِعْتَ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ يَنْ كُرُ شَأَّنَهُ فَقَالَ أُبَيُّ نَعَمُ سَمِعْتُ النَّبِيَّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ يَنُ كُرُ شَأَنَهُ يَقُولُ بَيْنَمَا مُوسَى فِي مَلْإِمِنُ بَنِي إِسْرَائِيلَ إِذْ جَاءَهُ مَجُلُ فَقَالَ أَتَعُلَمُ أَحَدًا أَعُلَمَ مِنْكَ قَالَ مُوسَى لَا فَأُوحَى اللَّهُ عَزَّ وَجَلَّ إِلَى مُوسَى بَلَى عَبُدُنَا خَضِرٌ فَسَأَلَ السَّبِيلَ إِلَى لُقِيِّهِ فَجَعَلَ اللَّهُ لَهُ الْحُوتَ آيَةً وَقِيلَ لَهُ إِذَا فَقَدُتَ الْحُوتَ فَالْهِ حِعْ فَإِنَّاكَ سَتَلْقَاهُ فَكَانَ مُوسَى صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ يَتَّبِعُ أَثَرَ الْحُوتِ فِي الْبَحْرِ فَقَالَ فَتَى مُوسَى لِمُوسَى أَمَا أَيْتَ إِذُ أَوَيْنَا إِلَى الصَّخْرَةِ فَإِنِّي نَسِيتُ الْحُوتَ وَمَا أَنْسَانِيهِ إِلَّا الشَّيْطَانُ أَنْ أَذُكْرَهُ قَالَ مُوسَى ذَلِكَ مَا كُنَّا نَبُغِي فَامُتَدًّا عَلَى آثَارِهِمَا قَصَصًا فَوَجَدَا خَضِرًا فكان مِن شَأْنِهِ مَا مَا قَصَ اللَّهُ في كِتَابِهِ

Narrated Abu Musa Radiullahu Unho

كىيىث Hadith 79

قَالَ أَبِيمُوسَىرَ ضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

The Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam said, "The example of guidance and knowledge with which Allah has sent me is

عَنُ النَّبِيِّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ قَالَ مَثَلُ مَا بَعَثَنِي

like abundant rain falling on the earth, some of which was fertile soil that absorbed rain water and brought forth vegetation and grass in abundance. (And) another portion of it was hard and held the rain water and Allah benefited the people with it and they utilized it for drinking, making their animals drink from it and for irrigation of the land for cultivation. (And) a portion of it was barren which could neither hold the water nor bring forth vegetation (then that land gave no benefits). The first is the example of the person who comprehends Allah's religion and gets benefit (from the knowledge) which Allah has revealed through me (the Prophets and learns and then teaches others. The last example is that of a person who does not care for it and does not take Allah's guidance revealed through me (He is like that barren land.)"

الله بِهِ مِنَ الْهُنَى وَالْعِلْمِ كَمَثَلِ الْعَيْثِ الْكَثِيرِ أَمْضًا فَكَانَ مِنْهَا نَقِيَّةٌ قَبِلَتُ الْمَاءَ فَأَنْبَتَتُ الْمَاءَ فَأَنْبَتَتُ الْكَلاَ وَالْعُشُبِ الْكَثِيرِ وَكَانَتُ مِنْهَا أَجَادِبُ الْكَلاَ وَالْعُشُبِ الْكَثِيرِ وَكَانَتُ مِنْهَا أَجَادِبُ الْكَلاَ وَالْعُشْبِ الْكَثِيرِ وَكَانَتُ مِنْهَا أَجَادِبُ أَمْسَكَتُ الْمَاءَ فَنَفَعَ الله بِهَا النّاسَ فَشَرِبُوا وَسَقُوا وَرَى عُوا وَأَصَابَتُ مِنْهَا طَائِفَةً أُخْرَى إِثْمَا هِي قِيعَانُ وَرَى عُوا وَأَصَابَتُ مِنْهَا طَائِفَةً أُخْرَى إِثْمَا هِي قِيعَانُ لَا مُنْ مَنْ فَقُهُ فِي وَرَى عُوا وَأَصَابَتُ مِنْهَا طَائِفَةً أُخْرَى إِثْمَا هِي وَيعَانُ لَا مُمْسِكُ مَاءً وَلَا تُنْبِثُ كَلاَ قَلَاكُ مَثَلُ مَنْ فَقُهُ فِي وَيعَانُ الله وَنَقَعَهُ مَا بَعَثَنِي الله بِهِ فَعَلِمَ وَعَلَّمَ وَمَثَلُ مَنْ لَقُهُ فِي الله وَنَقَعَهُ مَا بَعَثَنِي الله بِهِ فَعَلِمَ وَعَلَّمَ وَمَثَلُ مَنْ لَكُ مِنْ الله وَنَقَعَهُ مَا بَعَثَنِي الله بِهِ فَعَلِمَ وَعَلَّمَ وَمَثَلُ مَنْ لَكُ لِكُ مَنْ الله وَلَهُ يَوْفَعُ بِذَلِكَ مَا أَمًا وَلَمُ يَقَبَلُ هُنَى الله اللّذِي لَكُ مَنْ الله واللّذِي لَكُ مُنْ الله والله مَنْ الله والله مُنْ الله اللّذِي الله والله مَنْ الله والله مَنْ الله والله مُنْ مُنْ الله والدّي مَا أَمُ الله والله و

Narrated Anas Radiullahu Unho

كىيىث Hadith 80

قَالَ أَنْسِى ضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

Allah's Apostle Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam said, "From among the portents of the Hour are (the following): Religious knowledge will be taken away (by the death of Religious learned men). (Religious) ignorance will prevail. Drinking of Alcoholic drinks (will be very common). There will be prevalence of open illegal sexual intercourse.

قَالَ رَسُولُ اللّهِ صَلّى اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ إِنَّ مِنُ أَشُرَاطِ السَّاعَةِ أَنُ يُرُفَعَ الْعِلْمُ وَيَثْبُتَ الْجَهُلُ وَيُشُرَبَ الْحُمُرُ وَيَثْبُتَ الْجَهُلُ وَيُشُرَبَ الْحُمُرُ وَيَغْهَرَ الزِّنَا

Narrated Anas Radiullahu Unho

كايث Hadith 81

قَالَ أَنْسِى ضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

I will narrate to you a Hadith and none other than I will tell you about after it. I heard Allah's Apostle Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam saying: From among the portents of the Hour are (the following): Religious

قَالَ لَأُحَدِّتُنَّكُمُ حَدِيثًا لَا يُحَدِّثُكُمُ أَحَدٌّ بَعُدِي سَمِعْتُ ىَسُولَ اللّهِ صَلَّى اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ يَقُولُ مِنُ أَشُرَاطِ

knowledge will decrease (by the death of religious learned men). Religious ignorance will prevail. There will be prevalence of open illegal sexual intercourse. Women will increase in number and men will decrease in number so much so that fifty women will be looked after by one man.

السَّاعَةِ أَنْ يَقِلَّ الْعِلْمُ وَيَظْهَرَ الْجَهُلُ وَيَظْهَرَ الزِّنَا وَيَظْهَرَ الزِّنَا وَيَظْهَرَ الزِّنَا وَتَكُثُرَ النِّسَاءُ وَيَقِلَّ الرِّجَالُ حَتَّى يَكُونَ لِحُمُسِينَ امْرَأَةً الْقَيِّمُ الْوَاحِدُ الْمَرَأَةً الْقَيِّمُ الْوَاحِدُ

Narrated Ibn 'Umar Radiullahu Unho

كىيىث Hadith 82

قَالَ ابْنَعْمَرَى ضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

Allah's Apostle Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam said, "While I was sleeping, I saw that a cup full of milk was brought to me and I drank my fill till I noticed (the milk) its wetness coming out of my nails. Then I gave the remaining milk to 'Umar Ibn Al-Khattab" The companions of the Prophet asked, "What have you interpreted (about this dream)? "O Allah's Apostle,!" he replied, "(It is religious) knowledge."

سَمِعُتُ مَسُولَ اللّهِ صَلّى اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ قَالَ بَيْنَا أَنَا نَائِمٌ أُتِيتُ بِقَلَ مِلْ اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ قَالَ بَيْنَا أَنَا نَائِمٌ أُتِيتُ بِقَلَ حِلْبَنِ فَشَرِبْتُ حَتّى إِنِّي لِأَمَى الرِّيّ فَنَائِمٌ أُتِيتُ بِقَلَ مِن فَشَلِي عُمَرَ بُنَ يَخُرُجُ فِي أَظْفَامِي ثُمَّ أَعُطَيْتُ فَضَلِي عُمَرَ بُنَ يَخُرُجُ فِي أَظْفَامِي ثُمَّ أَعُطَيْتُ فَضَلِي عُمَرَ بُنَ الْحَلَيْتُ فَضَلِي عُمَرَ بُنَ الْحَلَيْتُ فَضَلِي عُمَرَ بُنَ الْحَلَيْتُ اللّهِ قَالُ الْعِلْمَ الْحَلَّمُ اللّهِ قَالُ الْعِلْمَ

Narrated 'Abdullah bin Amr bin Al 'Aas Radiullahu Unho

كويث Hadith 83

قَالَ عَبُواللَّهِ بُنِ عَمُو بُنِ قَالَ عَبُواللَّهِ بُنِ عَمُو بُنِ اللَّهُ عَنْهُ الْعَاصِ مَ ضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

Allah's Apostle Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam stopped (for a while near the Jimar) at Mina during his last Hajj for the people and they were asking him questions. A man came and said, "I forgot and got my head shaved before slaughtering the Hadi (sacrificing animal)." The Prophet said, "There is no harm, go and do the slaughtering now." Then another person came and said, "I forgot and slaughtered (the camel) before Rami (throwing of the pebbles) at the Jamra." The Prophet said, "Do the Rami now and there is no harm." The narrator added: So on that day, when the Prophet was asked about anything (as regards the ceremonies of Hajj) performed before or

after its due time, his reply was: "Do it (now) and there is no harm."

Narrated Ibn 'Abbas Radiullahu Unho

كىيىث Hadith 84

قَالَ ابْنِ عَبَّاسٍ مَضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

Somebody said to the Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam (during his last Hajj), "I did the slaughtering before doing the Rami.' The Prophet beckoned with his hand and said, "There is no harm in that." Then another person said. "I got my head shaved before offering the sacrifice." The Prophet beckoned with his hand saying, "There is no harm in that."

أَنَّ النَّبِيَّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ سُئِلَ فِي حَجَّتِهِ فَقَالَ وَلَا حَرَجَ قَالَ وَلَا حَرَجَ قَالَ وَلَا حَرَجَ قَالَ حَلَقُتُ قَبُلَ أَنْ أَنُهِ عِنَا فَوْمَأَ بِيلِهِ وَلَا حَرَجَ قَالَ حَلَقُتُ قَبُلَ أَنْ أَذُبَحَ فَأَوْمَأَ بِيلِهِ وَلَا حَرَجَ حَلَقُتُ عَبُلَ أَنْ أَذُبَحَ فَأَوْمَأَ بِيلِهِ وَلَا حَرَجَ حَلَقُتُ عَبُلَ أَنْ أَذُبَحَ فَأَوْمَأَ بِيلِهِ وَلَا حَرَجَ

Narrated Abu Huraira Radiullahu Unho

كايث Hadith 85

قَالَ أَبَاهُرَيْرَةً رَضِيَ اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

The Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam said, "(Religious) knowledge will be taken away (by the death of religious scholars) ignorance (in religion) and afflictions will appear; and Harj will increase." It was asked, "What is Harj, O Allah's Apostle?" He replied by beckoning with his hand indicating "killing."

عَنُ النَّبِيِّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ قَالَ يُقْبَضُ الْعِلْمُ وَيَكُثُرُ الْهُرُجُ قِيلَ يَا مَسُولَ وَيَكُثُرُ الْهُرُجُ قِيلَ يَا مَسُولَ اللَّهِ وَمَا الْهُرُجُ فَقَالَ هَكَذَا بِيَكِةٍ فَحَرَّفَهَا كَأَنَّه يُرِيلُ الْقَتُلَ الْقَتُلَ

Narrated Asma Radiullahu Unha

كايث Hadith 86

قَالَتُ أَسْمَاءَ مَ ضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهَا

I came to 'Aisha while she was praying, and said to her, "What has happened to the people?" She pointed out towards the sky. (I looked towards the mosque), and saw the people offering the prayer. Aisha said, "Subhan Allah." I said to her, "Is there a sign?" She nodded with her head meaning, "Yes." I, too, then stood (for the prayer of eclipse) till I became (nearly) unconscious and later on I poured water on my head. After the prayer, the Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam praised and glorified Allah

أَتَيْتُ عَائِشَةَ وهِي تُصَلِّي فَقُلْتُ مَا شَأْنُ النَّاسِ فَلَّتُ مَا شَأْنُ النَّاسِ فَأَشَارَتُ إِلَى السَّمَاءِ فَإِذَا النَّاسُ قِيَامٌ فَقَالَتُ سُبُحَانَ اللَّهِ قُلْتُ النَّهُ الْكَهُ فَقَالَتُ سُبُحَانَ اللَّهِ قُلْتُ آيَةٌ فَأَشَارَتُ بِرَأْسِهَا أَيُ نَعَمُ فَقُمْتُ حَتَّى اللَّهِ قُلْتُ اللَّهُ عَلَى مَأْسِي الْمَاءَ فَحَمِلَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ وَأَثَنَى عَلَيْهِ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ وَأَثَنَى عَلَيْهِ

and then said, "Just now at this place I have seen what I have never seen before, including Paradise and Hell. No doubt it has been inspired to me that you will be put to trials in your graves and these trials will be like the trials of Masiah-ad-Dajjal or nearly like it (the sub narrator is not sure which expression Asma' used). You will be asked, 'What do you know about this man (the Prophet Muhammad)?' Then the faithful believer (or Asma' said a similar word) will reply, 'He is Muhammad Allah's Apostle who had come to us with clear evidences and guidance and so we accepted his teachings and followed him. And he is Muhammad.' And he will repeat it thrice. Then the angels will say to him, 'Sleep in peace as we have come to know that you were a faithful believer.' On the other hand, a hypocrite or a doubtful person will reply, 'I do not know, but I heard the people saying something and so I said it.' (the same). "

ثُمَّ قَالَ مَا مِنْ شَيْءٍ لَمُ أَكُنُ أُرِيتُهُ إِلَّا مَأْيَتُهُ فِي مَقَامِي حَتَّى الْجُنَّةُ وَالنَّامُ فَأُوحِي إِلَيَّ أَنَّكُمُ تُفْتَنُونَ فِي حَتَّى الْجُنَّةُ وَالنَّامُ فَأُوحِي إِلَيَّ أَنَّكُمُ تُفْتَنُونَ فِي قُبُورِكُمُ مِثْلَ أَوْ قَرِيب لا أَدُرِي أَيَّ ذَلِكَ قَالَتُ أَسُمَاءُ مِنُ فِتْنَةِ الْمُسِيحِ النَّجَّالِ يُقَالُ مَا عِلْمُكَ بِهَذَا الرَّجُلِ فَأَمَّا الْمُؤْمِنُ أَوْ الْمُوقِنُ لاَ أَدُرِي بِأَيِّهِمَا بَهَدَا الرَّجُلِ فَأَمَّا الْمُؤْمِنُ أَوْ الْمُوقِنُ لاَ أَدُرِي بِأَيِّهِمَا فَالنَّ أَسُمَاءُ فَيَقُولُ هُو مُحَمَّدٌ مَسُولُ اللّهِ جَاءَنَا بِاللّهِ عَلَيْنَا وَالنّبَيْنَاتِ وَالْمُكْنَى فَلُولُ اللّهِ جَاءَنَا بِاللّهِ عَلَيْنَا وَالنّبَعْنَا هُو مُحَمَّدٌ ثَلاثًا بِلهِ وَأَمَّا اللّهُ فَالنّهُ مَلَا أَدُرِي أَيَّ ذَلِكَ قَالَتُ أَسُمَاءُ فَيُقُولُ لاَ أَدْرِي شَمِعْتُ النّاسَ يَقُولُونَ شَيْئًا فَقُلْتُهُ لَا أَدْرِي سَمِعْتُ النّاسَ يَقُولُونَ شَيْئًا فَقُلْتُهُ لَا أَدْرِي سَمِعْتُ النّاسَ يَقُولُونَ شَيْئًا فَقُلْتُهُ اللّهُ فَا فَاللّهُ اللّهُ مِن اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ فَاللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللللّهُ الللللّهُ اللّهُ الللللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللللّهُ الللللّهُ الللللّهُ اللللّهُ اللللّهُ الللللّهُ الللللهُ اللللّهُ الللللهُ الللللهُ الللللهُ اللللهُ اللللللهُ الللللهُ اللللللهُ الللللهُ الللللهُ الللللهُ الللللهُ الللللهُ الللللهُ الللللهُ اللللهُ اللللهُ اللللهُ اللللهُ الللهُ اللللهُ اللللهُ اللللهُ ا

Narrated Abu Jamra Radiullahu Unho

كىيىث Hadith 87

Ibn 'Abbas. Once Ibn 'Abbas said that a delegation of the tribe of Abdul Qais came to the Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam who asked them, "Who are the people (i.e. you)? (Or) who are the delegates?" They replied, "We are from the tribe of Rabi'a." Then the Prophet said to them, "Welcome, O people (or said, "O delegation (of 'Abdul Qais).") Neither will you have disgrace nor will you regret." They said, "We have come to you from a distant place and there is the tribe of the infidels of Mudar intervening between you and us and we cannot come to you except in the sacred month. So please

I was an interpreter between the people and

كُنْتُ أُتُرُجِمُ بَيْنَ ابْنِ عَبَّاسٍ وَبَيْنَ النَّاسِ فَقَالَ إِنَّ وَفَلَ عَبْلِ الْقَيْسِ أَتُوا النَّبِيَّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ وَفَلَ عَبْلِ الْقَيْسِ أَتُوا النَّبِيِّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ فَقَالَ مَرْحَبًا فَقَالَ مَنْ الْوَفُلُ أَوْمَنُ الْقَوْمُ قَالُوا بَبِيعَةُ فَقَالَ مَرْحَبًا بِالْقَوْمِ أَوْبِالْوَفُلِ غَيْرُ حَزَايَا وَلاَئِلَ الْيَقَالُوا إِنَّا نَأْتِيكَ بِالْقَوْمِ أَوْبِالْوَفُلِ غَيْرُ حَزَايَا وَلاَئِلَ الْيَقَالُوا إِنَّا نَأْتِيكَ فِي اللَّهُ مِنْ كُفًّا لِ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلِي اللَّهُ عَلَى الللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى الللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللللَّهُ عَلَى اللللْهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللللَّهُ عَلَى الللللَّهُ ع

order us to do something good (religious deeds) and that we may also inform our people whom we have left behind (at home) and that we may enter Paradise (by acting on them.)" The Prophet ordered them to do four things, and forbade them from four things. He ordered them to believe in Allah Alone, the Honorable the Majestic and said to them, "Do you know what is meant by believing in Allah Alone?" They replied, "Allah and His Apostle know better." Thereupon the Prophet said, "(That means to testify that none has the right to be worshipped but Allah and that Muhammad is His Apostle, to offer prayers perfectly, to pay Zakat, to observe fasts during the month of Ramadan, (and) to pay Al-Khumus (one fifth of the booty to be given in Allah's cause)." Then he forbade them four things, namely Ad-Dubba.' Hantam, Muzaffat (and) An-Naqir or Muqaiyar (These were the names of pots in which alcoholic drinks used to be prepared). The Prophet further said, "Memorize them (these instructions) and tell them to the people whom you have left behind."

Narrated 'Abdullah bin Abi Mulaika Radiullahu Unho

خايث Hadith 88

قَالَ اللَّهِ بُنُ أَبِي مُلَيْكَةً مَ ضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

'Uqba bin Al-Harith said that he had married the daughter of Abi Ihab bin 'Aziz. Later on a woman came to him and said, "I have suckled (nursed) Uqba and the woman whom he married (his wife) at my breast." 'Uqba said to her, "Neither I knew that you have suckled (nursed) me nor did you tell me." Then he rode over to see Allah's Apostle at Medina, and asked him about it. Allah's Apostle Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam said, "How can you keep her as a wife

أَنَّهُ تَرُوَّجَ ابْنَةً لِأَبِي إِهَابِ بُنِ عَزِيزٍ فَأَتَتُهُ امْرَأَةً فَقَالَتُ إِنِي قَدُ أَنْ ضَعْتُ عُقْبَةَ وَالَّتِي تَرَوَّجَ فَقَالَ لَهَا عُقْبَةُ مَا أَعُلَمُ أَنَّكِ أَنْ ضَعْتِنِي وَلَا أَخْبَرُتِنِي فَرَكِبَ إِلَى مَسُولِ اللهِ صَلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ بِالْمَدِينَةِ فَسَأَلَهُ فَقَالَ مَسُولُ اللهِ صَلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ عَيْفَ وَقَدُ قِيلَ

when it has been said (that she is your foster-sister)?" Then Uqba divorced her, and she married another man.

فَفَا رَقَهَا عُقُبَةُ وَنَكَحَتُ زَوْجًا غَيْرِهُ

Narrated 'Umar Radiullahu Unho

كايث Hadith 89

قَالَ عُمَرَى ضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

My Ansari neighbor from Bani Umaiya bin Zaid who used to live at 'Awali Al-Medina and used to visit the Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam by turns. He used to go one day and I another day. When I went I used to bring the news of that day regarding the Divine Inspiration and other things, and when he went, he used to do the same for me. Once my Ansari friend, in his turn (on returning from the Prophet), knocked violently at my door and asked if I was there." I became horrified and came out to him. He said, "Today a great thing has happened." I then went to Hafsa and saw her weeping. I asked her, "Did Allah's Apostle divorce you all?" She replied, "I do not know." Then, I entered upon the Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam and said while standing, "Have you divorced your wives?" The Prophet replied in the negative. On what I said, "Allahu-Akbar (Allah is Greater)."

كُنُتُ أَنَا وَجَارٌ لِي مِنُ الْأَنْصَارِ فِي بَنِي أُمَيَّةَ بُنِ زَيْدٍ وَهِي مِنْ عَوَالِي الْمَدِينَةِ وَكُنَّا نَتَنَاوَبُ النُّؤُولَ عَلَى مَسُولِ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ يَنُزِلُ يَوْمًا وَأَنْزِلُ يَوُمَّا فَإِذَا نَزَلْتُ جِئْتُهُ بِغَبَرِ ذَلِكَ الْيَوْمِ مِنَ الْوَحْي وَغَيْرِ فِ وَإِذَا نَزَلَ فَعَلَ مِثْلَ ذَلِكَ فَنَزَلَ صَاحِبِي الْأَنْصَابِيُّ يَوْمَ نَوْبَتِهِ فَضَرَبَ بَابِي ضَرُبًا شَدِيدًا فَقَالَ أَثَمَّ هُوَ فَفَرِعْتُ فَخَرَجْتُ إِلَيْهِ فَقَالَ قَلُ حَلَتَ أَمُرٌ عَظِيمٌ قَالَ فَلَخَلْتُ عَلَى حَفْصَةً فَإِذَا هِي تَبُكِي فَقُلْتُ طَلَّقَكُنَّ سَسُولُ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ قَالَتُ لَا أَدْرِي ثُمَّ دَحَلْتُ عَلَى النَّبِيِّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ فَقُلْتُ وَأَنَا قَائِمٌ أَطَلَّقُتَ نِسَاءَكَ قَالَ لَا فَقُلْتُ اللَّهُ

Narrated Abu Mas'ud Al-Ansari Radiullahu Unho

كايث Hadith 90

قَالَ أَبِيمَسْعُودٍ الْأَنْصَابِيِّ مَضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

Once a man said to Allah's Apostle "O Allah's Apostle Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam! I may not attend the (compulsory congregational) prayer because so and so (the Imam) prolongs the prayer when he leads us for it. The narrator

قَالَ مَجُلُّ يَا مَسُولَ اللَّهِ لَا أَكَادُ أُدُمِكُ الصَّلَاةَ مِمَّا يُطَوِّلُ بِنَا فُلَانُ فَمَا مَأْ يُكُ النَّبِيَّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ يُطَوِّلُ بِنَا فُلَانُ فَمَا مَأْ يُكُ النَّبِيِّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ فِي مَوْعِظِةٍ أَشَلَّ غَضَبًا مِنْ يَوْمِئِدٍ فَقَالَ أَيُّهَا النَّاسُ

added: "I never saw the Prophet more furious in giving advice than he was on that day. The Prophet said, "O people! Some of you make others dislike good deeds (the prayers). So whoever leads the people in prayer should shorten it because among them there are the sick the weak and the needy (having some jobs to do)."

إِنَّكُمۡ مُنَفِّرُونَ فَمَنُ صَلَّى بِالنَّاسِ فَلَيْحَفِّفُ فَإِنَّ فِيهِمُ الْمَرِيضَ وَالضَّعِيفَ وَذَا الْحَاجَةِ

Narrated Zaid bin Khalid Al-Juhani Radiullahu Unho

قَالَ زَيْدِبُنِ خَالِدٍ الجُهْنِيِّ مَ ضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ كِي كِلِيث Hadith 91

A man asked the Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam about the picking up of a "Luqata" (fallen lost thing). The Prophet replied, "Recognize and remember its tying material and its container, and make public announcement (about it) for one year, then utilize it but give it to its owner if he comes." Then the person asked about the lost camel. On that, the Prophet got angry and his cheeks or his Face became red and he said, "You have no concern with it as it has its water container, and its feet and it will reach water, and eat (the leaves) of trees till its owner finds it." The man then asked about the lost sheep. The Prophet replied, "It is either for you, for your brother (another person) or for the wolf."

أَنَّ النَّبِيَّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ سَأَلَهُ رَجُلٌ عَنُ اللُّقَطَةِ فَقَالَ اعْدِثُ وِكَاءَهَا أَوْقَالَ وِعَاءَهَا وَعِفَاصَهَا ثُمَّ عَرِّ فَهَا سَنَةً ثُمَّ اسْتَمْتِعُ بِهَا فَإِنْ جَاءَى بُّهَا فَأَرِّهَا إِلَيْهِ قَالَ فَضَالَّةُ الْإِبِلِ فَغَضِبَ حَتَّى الْحُمَرَّتُ وَجُنْتَاهُ أَوْقَالَ الْحُمَرَّ وَجُهُهُ فَقَالَ وَمَا لَكَ وَلَمَا مَعَهَا سِقَاؤُهَا وَحِنَاؤُهَا تَرِهُ الْمَاءَوتَرْعَى الشَّجَرَ فَنَهُ هَا حَتَّى يَلْقَاهَا مَرُّبْهَا قَالَ فَضَالَّتُ الْعَنَمِ قَالَ لَكَ أُولِأَخِيكَ أُولِلنِّكْب

Narrated Abu Musa Radiullahu Unho

كىيىث Hadith 92

قَالَ أَبِيمُوسَى رَضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

The Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam was asked about things which he did not like, but when the questioners insisted, the Prophet got angry. He then said to the people, "Ask me anything you like." A man asked, "Who is my father?" The Prophet replied, "Your father is Hudhafa." Then another man got up and said, "Who is my سُئِلَ النَّبِيُّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ عَنُ أَشْيَاءَ كَرِهَهَا فَلَمَّا أُكْثِرَ عَلَيْهِ غَضِبَ ثُمَّ قَالَ لِلنَّاسِ سَلُونِي عَمَّا شِئْتُمْ قَالَ مَجُلٌ مَنُ أَبِي قَالَ أَبُوكَ حُذَافَةُ فَقَامَ آخَرُ فَقَالَ مَنُ أَبِي يَا مَسُولَ اللَّهِ فَقَالَ أَبُوكَ سَالِمٌ

father, O Allah's Apostle?" He replied, "Your father is Salim, Maula (the freed slave) of Shaiba." So when 'Umar saw that (the anger) on the face of the Prophet he said, "O Allah's Apostle! We repent to Allah (Our offending you)."

مَوْلَى شَيْبَةَ فَلَمَّا رَأَى عُمَرُ مَا فِي وَجُهِهِ قَالَ يَا رَسُولَ اللَّهِ إِلَى اللَّهِ عَزَّ وَجَلَّ

Narrated Anas bin Malik Radiullahu Unho

كىيىث Hadith 93

قَالَ أَنَسُ بُنُ مَالِكٍ يَضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

One day Allah's Apostle Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam came out (before the people) and 'Abdullah bin Hudhafa stood up and asked (him) "Who is my father?" The Prophet replied, "Your father is Hudhafa." The Prophet told them repeatedly (in anger) to ask him anything they liked. 'Umar knelt down before the Prophet and said thrice, "We accept Allah as (our) Lord and Islam as (our) religion and Muhammad as (our) Prophet." After that the Prophet became silent.

أَنَّ مَسُولَ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ خَرَجَ فَقَامَ عَبُلُ اللَّهِ بُنُ حُذَافَةً فَقَالَ مَنُ أَبِي فَقَالَ أَبُوكَ حُذَافَةُ ثُمَّ اللَّهِ بُنُ حُذَافَةً ثُمَّ أَبِي فَقَالَ أَبُوكَ حُذَافَةُ ثُمَّ أَكُثَرَ أَنْ يَقُولَ سَلُونِي فَبَرَكَ عُمَرُ عَلَى مُ كُبَتَيْهِ فَقَالَ مَخْدَرُ عَلَى مُ كُبَتَيْهِ فَقَالَ مَخِينَا بِاللَّهِ مَبَّ وَبِالْإِسُلامِ دِينًا وَبِمُحَمَّدٍ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ نَبِيًّا فَسَكَتَ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ نَبِيًّا فَسَكَتَ

Narrated Anas Radiullahu Unho

كايث Hadith 94

قَالَ أَنْسٍ رَضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهَا

Whenever the Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam asked permission to enter, he knocked the door thrice with greeting and whenever he spoke a sentence (said a thing) he used to repeat it thrice. (See Hadith No. 261, Vol. 8).

عَنُ النَّبِيِّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ أَنَّهُ كَانَ إِذَا سَلَّمَ سَلَّمَ قَلَا أَنَّهُ كَانَ إِذَا سَلَّمَ سَلَّمَ قَلَا تُلَاثًا وَإِذَا تَكَلَّمَ بِكَلِمَةٍ أَعَادَهَا ثَلَاثًا

Narrated Anas Radiullahu Unho

كلِيث Hadith 95

قَالَ أَنْسِ رَضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

Whenever the Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam spoke a sentence (said a thing), he used to repeat it thrice so that the people could understand it properly from him and whenever he asked permission to enter, (he knocked the door) thrice with greeting.

عَنُ النَّبِيِّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ أَنَّهُ كَانَ إِذَا تَكَلَّمَ بِكُلِمَةٍ أَعَادَهَا ثَلاثًا حَتَّى تُفُهَمَ عَنْهُ وَإِذَا أَنَى عَلَى قَوْمٍ بِكَلِمَةٍ أَعَادَهَا ثَلاثًا حَتَّى تُفُهِمَ عَنْهُ وَإِذَا أَنَى عَلَى قَوْمٍ فَسَلَّمَ عَلَيْهِمُ ثَلاثًا

Narrated 'Abdullah bin 'Amr Radiullahu Unho

كلِيث Hadith 96

قَالَ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ بُنِ عَمْرِه مَضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

Once Allah's Apostle Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam remained behind us in a journey. He joined us while we were performing ablution for the 'Asr prayer which was overdue. We were just passing wet hands over our feet (not washing them properly) so the Prophet addressed us in a loud voice and said twice or thrice, "Save your heels from the fire."

تَعَلَّفَ مَسُولُ اللّهِ صَلَّى اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ فِي سَفَرٍ سَافَرُنَاهُ فَأَدُمَ كَنَا وَقَلُ أَنْهَقُنَا الصَّلَاةَ صَلَاةَ الْعَصْرِ سَافَرُنَاهُ فَأَدُمَ كَنَا وَقَلُ أَنْهَقُنَا الصَّلَاةَ صَلَاةَ الْعَصْرِ وَنَحُنُ نَتُوضًا فَنَادَى بِأَعْلَى وَنَحُنُ نَتُوضًا فَنَادَى بِأَعْلَى صَوْتِهِ وَيُلُ لِلْأَعْقَابِ مِنُ النَّامِ مَرَّتَيْنِ أَوْثَلَاثًا صَوْتِهِ وَيُلُ لِلْأَعْقَابِ مِنُ النَّامِ مَرَّتَيْنِ أَوْثَلَاثًا

Narrated Abu Burda's father Radiullahu Unho

كىيىث Hadith 97

قَالَ أَبُوبُرُدَةً عَنُ أَبِيهِ مَضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

Allah's Apostle Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam said "Three persons will have a double reward: A Person from the people of the scriptures who believed in his prophet (Jesus or Moses) and then believed in the Prophet Muhammad (i .e. has embraced Islam). A slave who discharges his duties to Allah and his master. A master of a womanslave who teaches her good manners and educates her in the best possible way (the religion) and manumits her and then marries her, he will have a double reward."

قَالَ مَسُولُ اللّهِ صَلّى اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ ثَلَاثَةٌ لَهُمُ أَجُرَانِ مَجُلٌ مِنَ أَهُلِ الْكِتَابِ آمَن بِنَبِيِّهِ وَآمَن مَجُلٌ مِن أَهُلِ الْكِتَابِ آمَن بِنَبِيِّهِ وَآمَن مِعْحَمَّدٍ صَلّى اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ وَالْعَبُلُ الْمَمْلُوكُ إِذَا أَدَّى عَمْحَمَّدٍ صَلّى اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ وَالْعَبُلُ الْمَمْلُوكُ إِذَا أَدَّى حَنَّ اللّهِ وَحَتَّ مَوَالِيهِ وَسَجُلٌ كَانَتُ عِنْدُهُ أَمَةٌ فَأَدَّبَهَا حَتَّ اللّهِ وَحَتَّ مَوَالِيهِ وَسَجُلٌ كَانَتُ عِنْدُهُ أَمَةٌ فَأَدَّبَهَا فَأَحُسَن تَعْلِيمَهَا ثُمَّ أَمَةٌ فَأَدَّبَهَا فَأَحُسَن تَعْلِيمَهَا ثُمَّ أَمُتُ أَعْتَقَهَا فَتَوَرَّجَهَا فَلَهُ أَجُرَان

Narrated Ibn 'Abbas Radiullahu Unho

كىيىث Hadith 97B

قَالَ ابْنَ عَبَّاسٍ رَضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

Once Allah's Apostle came out while Bilal was accompanying him. He went towards the women thinking that they had not heard him (i.e. his sermon). So he preached them and ordered them to pay alms. (Hearing that) the women started giving alms; some donated their ear-rings, some gave their rings and Bilal was collecting them in the corner of his garment.

خَرَجَ وَمَعَهُ بِلَالٌ فَظَنَّ أَنَّهُ لَمْ يُسُمِعُ فَوَعَظَهُنَّ وَأَمَّدُ وَيُسُمِعُ فَوَعَظَهُنَّ وَأَمَّرَهُنَّ بِالصَّدَقَةِ فَجَعَلَتُ الْمُرَأَةُ تُلْقِي الْقُرْطَ وَأَمَّرَهُنَّ تُلْقِي الْقُرْطَ وَالْحَاتَمَ وَبِلَالٌ يَأْخُذُ فِي طَرَفِ ثَوْبِهِ

Narrated Abu Huraira Radiullahu Unho

كىيىث Hadith 98

قَالَ أَبِيهُرَيْرَةً مَضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

He said: "O Allah's Apostle! Who will be the luckiest person, who will gain your intercession on the Day of Resurrection?" Allah's Apostle Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam said: O Abu Huraira! "I have thought that none will ask me about it before you as I know your longing for the (learning of) Hadiths. The luckiest person who will have my intercession on the Day of Resurrection will be the one who said sincerely from the bottom of his heart "None has the right to be worshipped but Allah."

قِيلَ يَا مَسُولَ اللّهِ مَنُ أَسُعَدُ النَّاسِ بِشَفَاعَتِكَ يَوْمَ الْقِيامَةِ قَالَ مَسُولُ اللّهِ صَلَّى اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ لَقَلُ اللّهِ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ لَقَلُ ظَنَتُكُ يَا أَبَا هُرَيْرَةً أَنُ لا يَسْأَلْنِي عَنُ هَذَا الْحَريثِ ظَنَتُكُ يَا أَبَا هُرَيْرَةً أَنُ لا يَسْأَلْنِي عَنُ هَذَا الْحَريثِ ظَنَتُكُ يَا أَبَا هُرَيْرَةً أَنُ لا يَسْأَلْنِي عَنُ هَذَا الْحَريثِ أَوَّلُ مِنْكَ لِمَا مَأْيُتُ مِن حِرْصِكَ عَلَى الْحَريثِ أَمَّكُ النَّاسِ بِشَفَاعَتِي يَوْمَ الْقِيَامَةِ مَنْ قَالَ لا إِللهَ إِلَّا اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ إِللّهَ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَى الْعَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى الللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى الللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى الللّهُ عَلَى الللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى الللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى الللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى

Hadith 99 is same as Hadith 98 narrated by Abdullah Ibn Dinar

Narrated 'Abdullah bin 'Amr bin Al' As Radiullahu Unho

خىيىث Hadith 100

قَالَ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ بُنِ عَمْرِ وبُنِ الْعَاصِ مَخِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

I heard Allah's Apostle Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam saying, "Allah does not take away the knowledge, by taking it away from (the hearts of) the people, but takes it away by the death of the religious learned men till when none of the (religious learned men) remains, people will take as their leaders ignorant persons who when consulted will give their verdict without knowledge. So they will go astray and will lead the people astray."

سَمِعَتُ مَسُولَ اللّهِ صَلّى اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ يَقُولُ إِنَّ اللّهَ لَا يَنْتَزِعُهُ مِنَ الْعِبَادِ وَلَكِنَ لَا يَقْبِضُ الْعِبَادِ وَلَكِنَ يَقْبِضُ الْعِلْمَ الْعُلْمَاءِ حَتَى إِذَا لَمُ يُبُنِ عَالِمًا النَّكَ نَ يَعْبِضُ الْعُلْمَاءِ حَتَى إِذَا لَمُ يُبُنِ عَالِمًا النَّكَ نَ يَعْبِضُ الْعُلْمَاءِ حَتَى إِذَا لَمُ يُبُنِ عَالِمًا النَّكَ نَ يَعْبُو عَلَمٍ فَصَلُّوا النَّاسُ مُءُوسًا جُهَّالًا فَسُعِلُوا فَأَفْتُوا بِعَبُرِ عِلْمٍ فَصَلُّوا وَأَضَلُوا

Narrated Abu Said Al-Khudri Radiullahu Unho

كىيىث Hadith 101

قَالَ أَبِي سَعِيدٍ الْخُنُرِيِّيَ رَضِيَ اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

Some women requested the Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam to fix a day for them as the men were taking all his time. On that he promised them one day for religious lessons and commandments. Once during such a lesson the Prophet said, "A

قَالَتُ النِّسَاءُ لِلنَّبِيِّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ غَلَبْنَا عَلَيْكَ الرِّجَالُ فَاجْعَلُ لَنَا يَوْمًا مِنْ نَفُسِكَ فَوَعَلَهُنَّ يَوُمًا لَقِيَهُنَّ فِيهِ فَوَعَظَهُنَّ وَأَمَرَهُنَّ فَكَانَ فِيمَا قَالَ لَمُنَّ مَا

woman whose three children die will be shielded by them from the Hell fire." On that a woman asked, "If only two die?" He replied, "Even two (will shield her from the Hell-fire)."

مِنُكُنَّ امْرَأَةٌ تُقَدِّمُ ثَلاثَةً مِنُ وَلَدِهَا إِلَّا كَانَ لَهَا حِجَابًا مِنُ النَّامِ فَقَالَتُ امْرَأَةٌ وَاثْنَتَيْنِ فَقَالَ وَاثْنَتَيْنِ

Hadith 102 is same as Hadith 101 above (the sub narrators are different). Abu Huraira qualified the three children referred to in the above mentioned Hadith as not having reached the age of committing sins (i.e. age of puberty).

Narrated Ibn Abu Mulaika Radiullahu Unho

كايث Hadith 103

قَالَ ابْنُ أَبِي مُلَيْكَةً بِرَضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

Whenever 'Aisha (the wife of the Prophet) anything which she did understand, she used to ask again till she understood it completely. Aisha said: "Once the Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam said, "Whoever will be called to account (about his deeds on the Day Resurrection) will surely be punished." I said, "Doesn't Allah say: "He surely will receive an easy reckoning." (84.8) The Prophet replied, "This means only the presentation of the accounts but whoever will be argued about his account, will certainly be ruined."

كَانَتُ لا تَسْمَعُ شَيْئًا لا تَعُرِفُهُ إِلَّا مَاجَعَتُ فِيهِ حَتَّى تَعُرِفَهُ وَلَا مَن تَعُرِفَهُ وَلَا مَن تَعُرِفَهُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ قَالَ مَن عُوسِبَ عُنِّبِ قَالَتُ عَائِشَةُ فَقُلْتُ أُولَيُسَ يَقُولُ اللَّهُ عُوسِبَ عُنِّبِ قَالَتُ عَائِشَةُ فَقُلْتُ أُولَيُسَ يَقُولُ اللّهُ تَعَالَى فَسَوْفَ يُعَاسَبُ حِسَابًا يَسِيرًا قَالَتُ فَقَالَ إِنَّمَا تَعَالَى فَسَوْفَ يُعَاسَبُ حِسَابًا يَسِيرًا قَالَتُ فَقَالَ إِنَّمَا وَلَكِنُ مَن نُوقِشَ الْحِسَابَ يَهُلِكُ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَلَا اللّهُ الْعَرُضُ وَلَكِنُ مَن نُوقِشَ الْحِسَابَ يَهُلِكُ

Narrated Sa'id Radiullahu Unho

كلِيث Hadith 104

قَالَ سَعِيدٍ ﴾ وَاللَّهُ عَنْهُ

Abu Shuraih said, "When 'Amr bin Said was sending the troops to Mecca (to fight 'Abdullah bin Az-Zubair) I said to him, 'O chief! Allow me to tell you what the Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam said on the day following the conquests of Mecca. My ears heard and my heart comprehended, and I saw him with my own eyes, when he said it. He glorified and praised Allah and then said, "Allah and not the people has made Mecca a sanctuary. So anybody who has belief in Allah and the Last Day (i.e. a

أَنَّهُ قَالَ لِعَمْرِو بُنِ سَعِيدٍ وَهُوَ يَبْعَثُ الْبُعُوثَ إِلَى مَكَّةَ ائْنَ لِي أَيُّهَا الْأَمِيرُ أُحَدِّ تُكَ قَوْلًا قَامَ بِهِ النَّبِيُّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ الْعَلَى مِنْ يَوْمِ الْفَتُحِ سَمِعَتُهُ أُوْنَاي صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ الْعَلَى مِنْ يَوْمِ الْفَتُحِ سَمِعَتُهُ أُوْنَاي وَوَعَاهُ قَلْبِي وَأَبُصَرَتُهُ عَيْنَاي حِينَ تَكَلَّمَ بِهِ حَمِلَ اللَّهُ وَوَعَاهُ قَلْبِي وَأَبُصَرَتُهُ عَيْنَاي حِينَ تَكَلَّمَ بِهِ حَمِلَ اللَّهُ وَوَعَاهُ قَلْبِي وَأَبُصَرَتُهُ عَيْنَاي حِينَ تَكَلَّمَ بِهِ حَمِلَ اللَّهُ وَوَعَاهُ قَلْمَ يُعِومِنَ اللَّهُ وَوَعَاهُ قَلْمَ يُعِومُ اللَّهُ وَلَمْ يُعَرِّمُهَا اللَّهُ وَلَمْ يُعَرِّمُهَا وَأَنْ إِنَّ مَكَّةً حَرَّمَهَا اللَّهُ وَلَمْ يُعَرِّمُهَا وَأَنْ يَعْلَى إِنَّ مَكَّةً حَرَّمَهَا اللَّهُ وَلَمْ يُعَرِّمُهَا اللَّهُ وَلَمْ يُعَرِّمُهَا

Muslim) should neither shed blood in it nor cut down its trees. If anybody argues that fighting is allowed in Mecca as Allah's Apostle Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam did fight (in Mecca), tell him that Allah gave permission to His Apostle, but He did not give it to you. The Prophet added: Allah allowed me only for a few hours on that day (of the conquest) and today (now) its sanctity is the same (valid) as it was before. So it is incumbent upon those who are present to convey it (this information) to those who are absent." Abu- Shuraih was asked, "What did 'Amr reply?" He said 'Amr said, "O Abu Shuraih! I know better than you (in this respect). Mecca does not give protection to one who disobeys (Allah) or runs after committing murder, or theft (and takes refuge in Mecca).

النَّاسُ فَلَا يَعِلُّ لِامْرِيْ يُؤُمِنُ بِاللّهِ وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ أَنَ يَسْفِكَ بِهَا مَمَّا وَلَا يَعْضِلَ بِهَا شَجَرَةً فَإِنَ أَحَلُ يَسْفِكَ بِهَا مَمَّا وَلَا يَعْضِلَ بِهَا شَجَرَةً فَإِنَ أَحَلُ تَرَخَّصَ لِقِتَالِ بَسُولِ اللّهِ صَلّى اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ فِيهَا فَقُولُوا إِنَّ اللّهَ قَلُ أَذِنَ لِرَسُولِهِ وَلَمْ يَأْذَنُ لَكُمْ وَإِنَّمَا فَقُولُوا إِنَّ اللّهَ قَلُ أَذِنَ لِرَسُولِهِ وَلَمْ يَأْذَنُ لَكُمْ وَإِنَّمَا فَقُولُوا إِنَّ اللّهَ قَلُ أَذِنَ لِرَسُولِهِ وَلَمْ يَأْذَنُ لَكُمْ وَإِنَّمَا أَذِنَ لِرَسُولِهِ وَلَمْ يَأْذَنُ لَكُمْ وَإِنَّمَا الْيَوْمَ أَذِنَ لِرَسُولِهِ وَلَمْ يَأْذَنُ لَكُمْ وَإِنَّمَا الْيَوْمَ كُورُ مَتِهَا بِالْأَمْسِ وَلَيْبَلّغُ الشَّاهِلُ الْعَائِبَ فَقِيلَ لِإَنِي كُورُمَتِهَا بِالْأَمْسِ وَلَيْبَلّغُ الشَّاهِلُ الْعَائِبَ فَقِيلَ لِأَنِي شَعْرَو قَالَ أَنَا أَعْلَمُ مِنْكُ يَا أَبَاشُرَيْحِ مَا قَالَ عَمْرٌ و قَالَ أَنَا أَعْلَمُ مِنْكَيَا أَبَاشُرَيْحِ مَا قَالَ عَمْرٌ و قَالَ أَنَا أَعْلَمُ مِنْكُي يَا أَبَاشُرَيْحِ مَا قَالَ عَمْرُ و قَالَ أَنَا أَعْلَمُ مِنْكَيَا أَبَاشُولُ الْعَالِمُ عَمْرُ و قَالَ أَنَا أَعْلَمُ مِنْكُ يَا يَعْمُونُ الْمَالِمُ لَعْلَامُ عَمْرُو قَالَ أَنَا أَعْلَمُ مِنْكُونَ يَا أَبَاشُولُ اللّهُ الْمَعْتِيلُ لِلْاللّهُ الْمَلْلُولُ اللّهُ الْعَلَيْمُ مِنْكُونَا اللّهُ الْعَلْمُ مِنْكُونَ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الْمُنْ لَكُمْ مَا عَلَالًا عَمْرُو قَالَ أَنَا أَعْلَمُ مِنْكُونَا اللّهُ الْعَلَيْمُ اللّهُ الْعَلَى اللّهُ الْعَلَامُ الْعَلَامُ مِنْكُونَا اللّهُ الْعُلَامُ مِنْكُونَا اللّهُ الْمُعْلِمُ اللّهُ الْعُلِي الللّهُ الشَّالُولُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الْعُلَامُ مِنْكُولُونَا اللّهُ الْمُعْلِى اللّهُ اللّهُ الْعُلَامُ مِنْكُونَ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللللللّهُ الللللّهُ الللللّهُ الللّهُ اللللّهُ الللللّهُ اللللللللّهُ الللللّهُ ا

Narrated Abu Bakra Radiullahu Unho

كىيىث Hadith 105

قَالَ أَبِي بَكُرَةً مَضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

The Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam said. No doubt your blood, property, the sub-narrator Muhammad thought that Abu Bakra had also mentioned and your honor (chastity), are sacred to one another as is the sanctity of this day of yours in this month of yours. It is incumbent on those who are present to inform those who are absent." Muhammad (the Subnarrator used to say), "Allah's Apostle Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam told the truth." The Prophet repeated twice: "No doubt! Haven't I conveyed Allah's message to you.

ذُكِرَ النَّبِيُّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ قَالَ فَإِنَّ دِمَاءَكُمُ وَأَمُوالكُمُ قَالَ وَأَعُرَاضَكُمُ وَأَمُوالكُمُ قَالَ وُأَعُرَاضَكُمُ عَلَيْكُمُ حَرَامٌ كَحُرُمَةِ يَوْمِكُمُ هَذَا فِي شَهْرِكُمُ هَذَا فِي شَهْرِكُمُ هَذَا فِي شَهْرِكُمُ هَذَا فِي شَهْرِكُمُ هَذَا أَلَا لِيُبَلِّغ الشَّاهِلُ مِنْكُمُ الْعَائِبُ وَكَانَ مُحَمَّلٌ يَقُولُ صَدَقَ مَسُولُ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ كَانَ ذَلِكَ أَلَا صَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ كَانَ ذَلِكَ أَلَا هَلُ بَلَّغُتُ مَرَّتَيُن

Narrated 'Ali Radiullahu Unho

كىيث Hadith 106

قَالَ عَلِيًّا مَضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

The Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam said, "Do not tell a lie against me for

قَالَ النَّبِيُّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ لَا تَكُذِبُوا عَلَيَّ فَإِنَّهُ

whoever tells a lie against me (intentionally) then he will surely enter the Hell-fire."

مَنُ كَنَبَ عَلَيَّ فَلْيَلِجُ النَّاسَ

Narrated 'Abdullah bin Az Zubair Radiullahu Unho

كىيىث Hadith 107

قَالَ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ بُنِ الزُّ بَيْرِي رَضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

I said to my father, 'I do not hear from you any narration (Hadith) of Allah s Apostle Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam as I hear (his narrations) from so and so?" Az-Zubair replied. I was always with him (the Prophet) and I heard him saying "Whoever tells a lie against me (intentionally) then (surely) let him occupy, his seat in Hell-fire.

إِنِّ لَا أَسْمَعُكَ ثُعَلِّ ثُعُنَ مَسُولِ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ كُمَا يُعِلِّ ثُعُلِانٌ وَفُلَانٌ قَالَ أَمَا إِنِّي لَمُ أُفَامِقُهُ وَسَلَّمَ كَمَا يُعَلِّ ثُفُلانٌ وَفُلانٌ قَالَ أَمَا إِنِّي لَمُ أُفَامِقُهُ وَسَلَّمَ كَمَا يُعَلِّ فُلانٌ عَلَيَّ فَلَيْ تَبُوا أُمَا عَلَيْ لَمُ أُفَامِقُهُ وَلَا مَنْ كَنَبَ عَلَيَّ فَلْيَتَبُوا أُمَقُعَلَ هُمِنُ وَلَكِنُ سَمِعْتُهُ مِنْ كَنَبَ عَلَيَّ فَلْيَتَبُوا أُمَقُعَلَ هُمِنُ اللَّامِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى الللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى الللللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْ اللّهُ عَلَيْ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْكُولِ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْكُولُولُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْكُولُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْكُولُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْكُولُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْكُولُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْكُولُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَل

Narrated Anas Radiullahu Unho

Hadith 108 كايث

قَالَ أَنَسُ رَضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

The fact which stops me from narrating a great number of Hadiths to you is that the Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam said: "Whoever tells a lie against me intentionally, then (surely) let him occupy his seat in Hell-fire."

إِنَّهُ لَيَمْنَعُنِي أَنُ أُحَرِّ ثَكُمْ حَدِيثًا كَثِيرًا أَنَّ النَّبِيَّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ قَالَ مَنْ تَعَمَّ لَا عَلَيْ كَذِبًا فَلْيَتَبَوّاً أَلَّا لَكُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ قَالَ مَنْ تَعَمَّ لَا عَلَيْ كَذِبًا فَلْيَتَبَوّاً مَقْعَلَ عُلِيّ كَذِبًا فَلْيَتَبَوّاً أَعَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ قَالَ مَنْ تَعَمَّ لَا عَلَيْ كَذِبًا فَلْيَتَبَوّاً أَلَّا مِنْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ قَالَ مَنْ تَعَمَّ لَا عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ النَّامِ

Narrated Salama Radiullahu Unho

كىيىث Hadith 109

قَالَ سَلَمَةً رَضِيَ اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

I heard the Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam saying, "Whoever (intentionally) ascribes to me what I have not said then (surely) let him occupy his seat in Hell-fire."

سَمِعْتُ النَّبِيَّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ يَقُولُ مَنْ يَقُلُ عَلَيَّ مَا لَمُ أَقُلُ فَلْيَتَبَوَّأُ مَقْعَلَ مُونُ النَّامِ

Narrated Abu Huraira Radiullahu Unho

كىيىث Hadith 110

قَالَ أَبِيهُ رَيْرَةً مَضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

The Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam said, "Name yourselves with my name (use my name) but do not name yourselves with my Kunya name (i.e. Abu-l Qasim). And whoever sees me in a dream then surely he

عَنُ النَّبِيِّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ قَالَ تَسَمَّوُ ابِالسَّمِي وَلَا تَصَمَّوُ ابِالسَّمِي وَلَا تَكُتَنُوا بِكُنْيَتِي وَمَنُ سَآنِي فِي الْمُنَامِ فَقَلُ سَآنِي فَإِنَّ تَكُتَنُوا بِكُنْيَتِي وَمَنُ سَآنِي فِي الْمُنَامِ فَقَلُ سَآنِي فَإِنَّ

has seen me for Satan cannot impersonate me. And whoever tells a lie against me (intentionally), then (surely) let him occupy his seat in Hell-fire."

الشَّيْطَانَ لَا يَتَمَثَّلُ فِي صُورَةِ وَمَنُ كَنَبَ عَلَيَّ مُتَعَمِّدًا فَلْيَتَبَوَّأُ مَقْعَلَ وُمِنُ التَّابِ

Narrated Ash-Sha'bi Radiullahu Unho

كىيىث Hadith 111

قَالَ الشَّعْبِيِّى صِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

Abu Juhaifa said, "I asked Ali, 'Have you got any book (which has been revealed to the Prophet apart from the Qur'an)?' 'Ali replied, 'No, except Allah's Book or the power of understanding which has been bestowed (by Allah) upon a Muslim or what is (written) in this sheet of paper (with me).' Abu Juhaifa said, "I asked, 'What is (written) in this sheet of paper?' Ali replied, it deals with The Diyya (compensation (blood money) paid by the killer to the relatives of the victim), the ransom for the releasing of the captives from the hands of the enemies, and the law that no Muslim should be killed in Qisas (equality punishment) for the killing disbeliever).

عَنُ أَبِي جُحَيْفَةَ قَالَ قُلْتُ لِعَلِيِّ بُنِ أَبِي طَالِبٍ هَلُ عَنْدَكُمُ كِتَابٌ قَالَ لَا إِلَّا كِتَابُ اللَّهِ أَوْ فَهُمُّ هَلُ عِنْدَكُمُ كِتَابُ اللَّهِ أَوْ فَهُمُّ أَعُطِيهُ مَجُلٌ مُسْلِمٌ أَوْمَا فِي هَذِهِ الصَّحِيفَةِ قَالَ قُلْتُ فَمَا فِي هَذِهِ الصَّحِيفَةِ قَالَ قُلْتُ فَمَا فِي هَذِهِ الصَّحِيفَةِ قَالَ الْعَقُلُ وَفَكَاكُ الْأُسِيرِ وَلَا فَعَالُ مُسْلِمٌ بِكَافِرِ

Narrated Abu Huraira Radiullahu Unho

كىلىث Hadith 112

قَالَ أَبِيهُ رَيْرَةً رَضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

In the year of the Conquest of Mecca, the tribe of Khuza'a killed a man from the tribe of Bani Laith in revenge for a killed person, belonging to them. They informed the Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam about it. So he rode his Rahila (she-camel for riding) and addressed the people saying, "Allah held back the killing from Mecca. (The sub-narrator is in doubt whether the Prophet said "elephant or killing," as the Arabic words standing for these words have great similarity in shape), but He (Allah) let His Apostle Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam

أَنَّ خُزَاعَة قَتَلُوا مَجُلًا مِنْ بَنِي لَيْثٍ عَامَ فَتَحِ مَكَّة بِقَتِيلٍ مِنْهُمُ قَتَلُوهُ فَأُخْبِرَ بِذَلِكَ النَّبِيُّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ بِقَتِيلٍ مِنْهُمُ قَتَلُوهُ فَأُخْبِرَ بِذَلِكَ النَّبِيُّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ فَرَكِبَ مَا حِلْتَهُ فَخَطَبَ فَقَالَ إِنَّ اللَّهَ حَبَسَ عَنْ مَكَّة الْقَتُلَ أَوْ الْفِيلَ قَالَ أَبُو عَبْد اللَّهِ كَذَا قَالَ عَنْ مَكَّة الْقَتُلَ أَوْ الْفِيلَ قَالَ أَبُو عَبْد اللَّهِ كَذَا قَالَ أَبُو عَبْد اللَّهِ كَذَا قَالَ أَبُو نَعْيُم وَ اجْعَلُوهُ عَلَى الشَّكِ الْفِيلَ أَوْ الْقَتُلَ وَغَيْرُهُ أَبُو نَعْيُم وَلَ اللَّه صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ مَن سُولَ اللَّه صَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ مَن سُولَ اللَّه صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ مَن سُولَ اللَّه صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ مَن سُولَ اللَّه صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ مَن سُولَ اللَّه عَلَيْهِ مَن اللَّه عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْه عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْه عَلَيْهِ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْه عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَى السَّه عَلَيْهِ عَلَى السَّه عَلَيْهِ عَلَى السَّه عَلَيْه عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَى السَّه عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَى السَّه عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَى الْعَلْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَى السَّه عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَى السَّه عَلَيْهِ عَلَى السَّه عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْه عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَ

and the believers over power the infidels of Mecca. Beware! (Mecca is a sanctuary) Verily! Fighting in Mecca was permitted for anyone before me nor will it be permitted for anyone after me. It (war) in it was made legal for me for few hours or so on that day. No doubt it is at this moment a sanctuary, it is not allowed to uproot its thorny shrubs or to uproot its trees or to pick up its Lugatt (fallen things) except by a person who will look for its owner (announce it publicly). And if somebody is killed, then his closest relative has the right to choose one of the two-- the blood money (Diyya) or retaliation having the killer killed. In the meantime a man from Yemen came and said, "O Allah's Apostle! Get that written for me." The Prophet ordered his companions to write that for him. Then a man from Quraish said, "Except Al-Iqhkhir (a type of grass that has good smell) O Allah's Apostle, as we use it in our houses and graves." The Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam said, "Except Al-Idhkhiri.e. Al-Idhkhir is allowed to be plucked."

وسَلّمَ وَالْمُؤْمِنِينَ أَلَا وَإِهَّمَا لَمْ تَحِلَّ لِأَكْبِ قَبُلِي وَلَمْ تَحِلَّ لِأَكْوِ بَعُرِي أَلَا وَإِهَّا حَلَّتُ لِي سَاعَةً مِنْ هَا مِ أَلَا وَإِهَّا حَلَّتُ لِي سَاعَةً مِنْ هَا مِ اللَّهِ وَمَرَاهُ لا يُغْتَلَى شَوْ كُهَا وَلا يُغْضَلُ شَجَرُهَا اللَّهُ وَيَعْ يَلِ وَلا يُغْضَلُ الْهَوْمِ فِي اللَّهُ وَمَن قُتِل فَهُو بِغَيْرِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى وَإِمَّا أَنْ يُقَادَ أَهُلُ الْقَتِيلِ النَّيْظُ وَيَن إِمَّا أَن يُغْقَل وَإِمَّا أَن يُقادَ أَهُلُ الْقَتِيلِ فَكَا وَإِمَّا أَن يُقَادَ أَهُلُ الْقَتِيلِ فَجَاءَ مَجُلٌ مِن أَهُلِ الْيَمَنِ فَقَالَ اكْتُب لِي يَامَسُولَ اللَّهِ فَقَالَ اكْتُب لِي يَامَسُولَ اللَّهِ فَإِنَّا نَجْعَلُهُ فِي بُيُوتِنَا وَقُبُومِنَا وَقُومِنَا وَقُبُومِنَا وَقُبُومِنَا وَقُومِنَا وَلَومُومِنَا وَعُومِنَا وَلَومُ وَلَقُومِنَا وَلَومُ وَلَا لِلْمُ فَيَلُومُ وَلَا لَكُومُ وَلَومُ لَا لَكُومُ وَلِهُ الللّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسُلّمَ وَلَيْكُومُ لِلْمُ لَلمُ وَلَا لَا لَكُومُ وَلَا لَهُ وَلَنَا لَكُومُ وَلَا لَا لَعُلَالِهُ وَلَومُ لَا لَعُومُ وَلَا لَومُ لَاللّهُ وَلَا لَعُلُومُ لَا لَعُلُومُ لَا لَعُلُومُ لَا لَعُومُ لَا لَعُومُ لَا لَعُلُومُ لَاللّهُ وَلَا لَعُلُومُ لَا لَعُلُومُ لَاللّهُ وَلِلْمُ لَلْمُ لِلْكُومُ لِلْمُ لَلْمُ لِلْمُ ل

Narrated Abu Huraira Radiullahu Unho

كىيىث Hadith 113

قَالَ أَبِيهُرَيْرَةَ مَضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

There is none among the companions of the Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam who has narrated more Hadiths than I except 'Abdallah bin Amr (bin Al-'As) who used to write them and I never did the same.

مَامِنُ أَصْحَابِ النَّبِيِّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ أَحَلُّ أَكْثَرَ حَدِيثًا عَنْهُ مِنِّي إِلَّامًا كَانَ مِنْ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ بُنِ عَمْرٍ و فَإِنَّهُ كَانَ يَكُتُّبُ وَلَا أَكْتُبُ

Narrated 'Ubaidullah bin 'Abdullah Radiullahu Unho

كىرىث Hadith 114

قَالَ عُبَيْدِ اللَّهِ بُنِ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ بَضِي اللَّهِ بَضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

Ibn 'Abbas said, "When the ailment of the **Prophet** Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam became worse, he said, 'Bring for me (writing) paper and I will write for you a statement after which you will not go astray.' But 'Umar said, 'The Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam is seriously ill, and we have got Allah's Book with us and that is sufficient for us.' But the companions of the Prophet differed about this and there was a hue and cry. On that the Prophet said to them, 'Go away (and leave me alone). It is not right that you should quarrel in front of me."

Ibn 'Abbas came out saying, "It was most unfortunate (a great disaster) that Allah's Apostle Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam was prevented from writing that statement for them because of their disagreement and noise.

للَّا اللّٰهِ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلّم وَجَعُهُ قَالَ النُّونِي وَبَكُهُ قَالَ اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلّم وَجَعُهُ قَالَ عُمَرُ إِنّ بِكِتَابٍ أَكْتُبُ لَكُمْ كِتَابًا لا تَضِلُّوا بَعْنَهُ قَالَ عُمَرُ إِنّ النّبِيّ صَلّى اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلّم غَلَبَهُ الْوَجَعُ وَعِنْدَنَا كِتَابُ النّبِيّ صَلّى اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلّم غَلَبَهُ الْوَجَعُ وَعِنْدَنَا كِتَابُ النّبِيّ صَلّى اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلّم غَلَبَهُ الْوَجَعُ وَعِنْدَنَا كِتَابُ اللّهِ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلّم عَلَيْهُ وَمُوا عَنِي وَلا اللّه عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ وَاللّم عَلَيْهِ وَسُلّم عَلَيْه وَسُولًا عَلَيْهِ وَسُلْم عَلَيْه وَسُولًا عَلَيْهِ وَسُلّم عَلَيْه وَسُولُم عَلَيْه وَسُولُوا وَكُثُولُ وَاللّم عَلَيْهِ وَسُلّم عَلَيْه وَسُولًا عَلْم عَلَيْه وَسُولُه وَا عَلَيْهِ وَسُولُوا عَنْهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسُوا عَنْهِ عَلَيْهِ وَسُولًا عَلَيْهِ وَسُولُوا عَلَيْهِ وَسُولُوا عَلْمُ عَلَيْهِ وَسُولُوا عَلَيْهِ وَسُولُوا عَلَيْهِ وَسُولُوا عَلَيْهِ عَلْم عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلْمَ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْ

فَخَرَجَ ابْنُ عَبَّاسٍ يَقُولُ إِنَّ الرَّزِيَّةَ كُلَّ الرَّزِيَّةِ مَا كَالَ بِيُنَ مَسُولِ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ وَبَيْنَ كِتَابِهِ كَالَ بَيْنَ مَسُولِ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ وَبَيْنَ كِتَابِهِ

Narrated Um Salama Radiullahu Unha

كويث Hadith 115

قَالَتُ أُمِّ سَلَمَةً مَضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهَا

One night Allah's Apostle Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam got up and said, "Subhan Allah! How many afflictions have been descended tonight and how many treasures have been disclosed! Go and wake the sleeping lady occupants of these dwellings (his wives) up (for prayers). A well-dressed (soul) in this world may be naked in the Hereafter."

استَيْقَظَ النَّبِيُّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ ذَاتَ لَيُلَةٍ فَقَالَ سُبْحَانَ اللَّهِ مَاذَا أُنُولَ اللَّيْلَةَ مِنُ الْفِتَنِ وَمَاذَا فُتِحَ مِنُ سُبْحَانَ اللَّهِ مَاذَا أُنُولَ اللَّيْلَةَ مِنُ الْفِتَنِ وَمَاذَا فُتِحَ مِنُ الْخَوَا اللَّيْلَةَ مِنُ الْفِتَنِ وَمَاذَا فُتِحَ مِنُ الْخُورَةِ الْخُورَةِ فَرُبَّ كَاسِيةٍ فِي اللَّوْنَيَا عَامِيَةٍ فِي اللَّحْرَةِ

Narrated 'Abdullah bin 'Umar Radiullahu Unho

خاپیث Hadith 116

قَالَ عَبُلَ اللَّهِ بُنَ عُمَرَى ضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

Once the Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam led us in the 'Isha' prayer during the last days of his life and after finishing it (the prayer) (with Taslim) he said: "Do you realize (the importance of) this night?" Nobody present on the surface of the earth

صَلَّى بِنَا النَّبِيُّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ الْعِشَاءَ فِي آخِرِ حَيَاتِهِ فَلَمَّا سَلَّمَ قَامَ فَقَالَ أَمَا أَيْتَكُمُ لَيُلَتَكُمُ هَذِهِ

tonight will be living after the completion of one hundred years from this night."

فَإِنَّ سَأَسَ مِائَةِ سَنَةٍ مِنْهَا لَا يَبْقَى فِسَّنُ هُوَ عَلَى ظَهُرِ الْأَرْضِ أَحَدُّ

Narrated Ibn 'Abbas Radiullahu Unho

كلِيث Hadith 117

قَالَ ابْنِ عَبَّاسٍ رَضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

I stayed overnight in the house of my aunt Maimuna bint Al-Harith (the wife of the Prophet) while the Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam was there with her during her night turn. The Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam offered the 'Isha' prayer (in the mosque), returned home and after having prayed four Rakat, he slept. Later on he got up at night and then asked whether the boy (or he used a similar word) had slept? Then he got up for the prayer and I stood up by his left side but he made me stand to his right and offered five Rakat followed by two more Rakat. Then he slept and I heard him snoring and then (after a while) he left for the (Fajr) prayer.

بِتُّ فِي بَيْتِ حَالَتِي مَيْمُونَة بِنْتِ الْحَارِثِ رَوْحِ النَّبِيِّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ وَكَانِ النَّبِيُّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ عِنْدَهَا فِي لَيْلَتِهَا فَصَلَّى النَّبِيُّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ عِنْدَهَا فِي لَيْلَتِهَا فَصَلَّى النَّبِيُّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى عَنْ يَمِينِهِ فَصَلَّى خَمْسَ وَقُعْمَتُ عَنْ يَسَامِ فِي فَجَعَلِنِي عَنْ يَمِينِهِ فَصَلَّى خَمْسَ وَقُعْمَتُ عَنْ يَسَامِ فِي فَجَعَلِنِي عَنْ يَمِينِهِ فَصَلَّى خَمْسَ وَقُعْمَتُ عَنْ يَسَامِ فِي فَجَعَلِنِي عَنْ يَمِينِهِ فَصَلَّى خَمْسَ مَعْتَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ عَنْ يَمِينِهِ فَصَلَّى خَمْسَ مَعْتَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ عَنْ يَمِينِهِ فَصَلَّى مَعْمَدِي فَصَلَّى مَعْمَدِي اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ عَنْ يَعْمِينِهِ فَصَلَّى مَعْمَدِي اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ عَنْ يَمِينِهِ فَصَلَّى خَمْسَ مَعْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَى مَا عَلَيْ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللللْهُ الللَّهُ اللللْهُ اللللْهُ اللللْهُ الللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللللْهُ اللَّهُ اللللْهُ اللللْهُ اللللْهُ اللللْهُ اللللْهُ اللللْهُ اللَ

Narrated Abu Huraira Radiullahu Unho

كويث Hadith 118

قَالَ أَبِي هُرَيْرَةً مَضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

People say that I have narrated many Hadiths (The Prophet's narrations). Had it not been for two verses in the Qur'an, I would not have narrated a single Hadith, and the verses are: "Verily those who conceal the clear sign and the guidance which We have sent down . . . (up to) Most Merciful." (2:159-160). And no doubt our Muhajir (emigrant) brothers used to be busy in the market with their business (bargains) and our Ansari brothers used to be busy with their property (agriculture). But I (Abu Huraira) used to stick to Allah's Apostle

إِنَّ النَّاسَ يَقُولُونَ أَكْثَرَ أَبُو هُرَيْرَةَ وَلَوْلَا آيَتَانِ فِي كِتَابِ اللَّهِ مَا حَلَّأَنُكُ حَلِيقًا ثُمَّ يَتُلُو إِنَّ النَّدِينَ كِتَابِ اللَّهِ مَا حَلَّأَنُكُ حَلِيقًا ثُمَّ يَتُلُو إِنَّ النَّدِينَ يَكُتُمُونَ مَا أَنُولُنَا مِنُ الْبَيِّنَاتِ وَالْهُلاَى إِلَى قَوْلِهِ يَكُتُمُونَ مَا أَنُولُنَا مِنُ الْبَيِّنَاتِ وَالْهُلاَى إِلَى قَوْلِهِ الرَّحِيمُ إِنَّ إِنْحَوَانَنَا مِنُ الْمُهَاجِرِينَ كَانَ يَشْعَلُهُمُ اللَّهِ فَيُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُعَالِي كَانَ السَّفُقُ بِالْأَسُواقِ وَإِنَّ إِنْحَوَانَنَا مِنَ الْأَنْصَالِ كَانَ يَشْعَلُهُمُ الْعَمَلُ فِي أَمُوا لِهِمُ وَإِنَّ إِنْ الْمُهَا عِلْ اللَّهُ مَا لَكُنْ مَا لَكُنْ مَا لَكُنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مُ الْحَمَلُ فِي أَمُوا لِهِمُ وَإِنَّ أَبَا هُرَيْرَةً كَانَ يَلْوَمُ لَيْ اللَّهُ مُ الْحَمَلُ فِي أَمُوا لِهِمُ وَإِنَّ أَبَا هُرَيْرَةً كَانَ يَلْوَمُ

Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam contented with what will fill my stomach and I used to attend that which they used not to attend and I used to memorize that which they used not to memorize.

ىَسُولَ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ بِشِبَعِ بَطْنِهِ وَيَحُضُّرُ مَا لاَيَحُضُّرُ ونَ وَيَحُفَظُ مَا لاَ يَحُفَظُونَ

Narrated Abu Huraira Radiullahu Unho

كايث Hadith 119

قَالَ أَبِي هُرَيْرَةً مَضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

I said to Allah's Apostle "I hear many narrations (Hadiths) from you but I forget them." Allah's Apostle said, "Spread your Rida' (garment)." I did accordingly and then he moved his hands as if filling them with something (and emptied them in my Rida') and then said, "Take and wrap this sheet over your body." I did it and after that I never forgot any thing.

قُلْتُ يَا مَسُولَ اللّهِ إِنِّي أَسُمَعُ مِنْكَ حَدِيثًا كَثِيرًا أَنْسَاهُ قالَ ابُسُطُ مِدَاءَكَ فَبَسَطُتُهُ قَالَ فَعَرَفَ بِينَ يُهِ ثُمَّ قَالَ ضُمَّهُ فَضَمَمُتُهُ فَمَا نَسِيتُ شَيْئًا بَعُنَهُ

Hadith 120 is same as Hadith 119, Ibn Abi Fudaik narrated the same as above (Hadith...119) but added that the Prophet had moved his hands as if filling them with something and then he emptied them in the Rida' of Abu Huraira.

Narrated Abu Huraira Radiullahu Unho

كىيث **Hadith 121**

قَالَ أَبِي هُرَيْرَةً مَضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

I have memorized two kinds of knowledge from Allah's Apostle Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam. I have propagated one of them to you and if I propagated the second, then my pharynx (throat) would be cut (i.e. killed).

حَفِظُتُ مِنُ مَسُولِ اللّهِ صَلّى اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ وِعَاءَيْنِ فَطْعُ هَنَا أَكُنُ مُمَا فَبَعَثُتُهُ وَأَمَّا اللّاحَرُ فَلَوْ بَعَثْتُهُ قُطِعَ هَذَا اللّهَ عُرُ فَلَوْ بَعَثْتُهُ قُطِعَ هَذَا اللّهَ لَهُ مُنَا اللّهَ عُمْدَا اللّهُ لَعُومُ

Narrated Jarir Radiullahu Unho

كىيىث Hadith 122

قَالَ جَرِيرٍ رَضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

The Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam said to me during Hajjat-al-Wida': Let the people keep quiet and listen. Then he said (addressing the people), "Do not (become infidels) revert to disbelief after me by striking the necks (cutting the throats) of one another (killing each other)."

أَنَّ النَّبِيَّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ قَالَ لَهُ فِي حَجَّةِ الْوَدَاعِ السَّنَصِتُ النَّاسَ فَقَالَ لَا تَرْجِعُوا بَعْدِي كُفَّاءًا يَضُرِبُ بَعْضُكُمْ مِقَابَ بَعْضِ

Narrated Said bin Jubair Radiullahu Unho

كىيىث Hadith 123

قَالَ سَعِيدُ بُنْ جُبَيْرٍ يَ ضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

I said to Ibn 'Abbas, "Nauf-Al-Bakali claims that Moses (the companion of Khadir) was not the Moses of Bani Israel but he was another Moses." Ibn 'Abbas remarked that the enemy of Allah (Nauf) was a liar.

قُلْتُ لِابْنِ عَبَّاسٍ إِنَّ نَوْفًا الْبَكَالِيَّ يَزُعُمُ أَنَّ مُوسَى لَيْسَ مِمُوسَى بَنِي إِسْرَائِيلَ إِنِّمَاهُوَ مُوسَى آخَرُ فَقَالَ لَيْسَ مِمُوسَى بَنِي إِسْرَائِيلَ إِنِّمَاهُوَ مُوسَى آخَرُ فَقَالَ كَنَبَعَدُوُ اللَّهِ

Narrated Ubai bin Ka'b Radiullahu Unho

كىيىث Hadith 124

حَكَّتَنَا أُبِيُّ بُنُ كَعُبِى صِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

The Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam said, "Once the Prophet Moses stood up and addressed Bani Israel. He was asked, "Who is the most learned man amongst the people. He said, "I am the most learned." Allah admonished Moses as he did not attribute absolute knowledge to Him (Allah). So Allah inspired to him "At the junction of the two seas there is a slave amongst my slaves who is more learned than you." Moses said, "O my Lord! How can I meet him?" Allah said: Take a fish in a large basket (and proceed) and you will find him at the place where you will lose the fish. So Moses set out along with his (servant) boy, Yusha' bin Nuin and carried a fish in a large basket till they reached a rock, where they laid their heads (i.e. lay down) and slept. The fish came out of the basket and it took its way into the sea as in a tunnel. So it was an amazing thing for both Moses and his (servant) boy. They proceeded for the rest of that night and the following day. When the day broke, Moses said to his (servant) boy: "Bring us our early meal. No doubt, we have suffered much fatigue in this journey." Moses did not get tired till he passed the place about عَنُ النَّبِيِّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ قَامَ مُوسَى النَّبِيُّ خَطِيبًا فِي بَنِي إِسْرَائِيلَ فَسُئِلَ أَيُّ النَّاسِ أَعُلَمُ فَقَالَ أَنَا أَعْلَمُ فَعَتَبَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ إِذْ لَمْ يَرُدَّ الْعِلْمَ إِلَيْهِ فَأَوْجَى اللَّهُ إِلَيْهِ أَنَّ عَبُمًا مِنْ عِبَادِي مِمَجُمَعِ الْبَحْرَيْنِ هُوَ أَعُلَمُ مِنْكَ قَالَ يَا رَبِّ وَكَيْفَ بِهِ فَقِيلَ لَهُ الْحَمِلُ مُوتًا فِي مِكْتَلِ فَإِذَا فَقَلْتَهُ فَهُو ثَمَّ فَانْطَلَقَ وَانْطَلَقَ بِفَتَاهُ يُوشَعَ بُنِ نُونِ وَحَمَلًا حُوتًا فِي مِكْتَلِ حَتَّى كَانَا عِنْدَ الصَّخْرَةِ وَضَعًا مُءُوسَهُمَا وَنَامَا فَانْسَلَ الْحُوتُ مِنْ الْمِكْتَلِ فَاتَّخَذَ سَبِيلَهُ فِي الْبَحْرِ سَرَبًا وَكَانَ لِمُوسَى وَفَتَاهُ عَجَبًا فَانْطَلَقَا بَقِيَّةَ لَيُلَتِهِمَا وَيَوْمَهُمَا فَلَمَّا أَصْبَحَ قَالَ مُوسَى لِفَتَاهُ آتِنَا غَدَاءَنَا لَقَدُ لَقِينَا مِنُ سَفَرِنَا هَنَا نَصَبًا وَلَمْ يَجِلُ مُوسَى مَسًّا مِنُ النَّصَبِ حَتَّى جَاوَزَ الْمَكَانَ الَّذِي أُمِرَ بِهِ فَقَالَ لَهُ فَتَاهُ أَمَا أَيْتَ إِذُ

which he was told. There the (servant) boy told Moses, "Do you remember when we betook ourselves to the rock, I indeed forgot the fish." Moses remarked, "That is what we have been seeking. So they went back retracing their foot-steps, till they reached the rock. There they saw a man covered with a garment (or covering himself with his own garment). Moses greeted him. Al-Khadir replied saying, "How do people greet each other in your land?" Moses said, "I am Moses." He asked, "The Moses of Bani Israel?" Moses replied in the affirmative and added, "May I follow you so that you teach me of that knowledge which you have been taught." Al-Khadir replied, "Verily! You will not be able to remain patient with me, O Moses! I have some of the knowledge of Allah which He has taught me and which you do not know, while you have some knowledge which Allah has taught you which I do not know." Moses said, "Allah willing, you will find me patient and I will not disobey you in aught. So both of them set out walking along the sea-shore, as they did not have a boat. In the meantime a boat passed by them and they requested the crew of the boat to take them on board. The crew recognized Al-Khadir and took them on board without fare. Then a sparrow came and stood on the edge of the boat and dipped its beak once or twice in the sea. Al-Khadir said: "O Moses! My knowledge and your knowledge have not decreased Allah's knowledge except as much as this sparrow has decreased the water of the sea with its beak." Al-Khadir went to one of the planks of the boat and plucked it out. Moses said,

أَوَيْنَا إِلَى الصَّخْرَةِ فَإِنِّي نَسِيتُ الْحُوتَ وَمَا أَنْسَانِيهِ إلَّا الشَّيْطَانُ قَالَ مُوسَى ذَلِكَ مَا كُنَّا نَبُغِي فَارُتَكَّا عَلَى آثَارِهِمَا قَصَصًا فَلَمَّا انْتَهَيَا إِلَى الصَّخُرَةِ إِذَا رَجُلُ مُسَجًّى بِثَوْبٍ أَوْقَالَ تَسَجَّى بِثَوْبِهِ فَسَلَّمَ مُوسَى فَقَالَ الْحَصِرُ وَأَنَّى بِأَمْضِكَ السَّلَامُ فَقَالَ أَنَا مُوسَى فَقَالَ مُوسَى بَنِي إِسْرَائِيلَ قَالَ نَعَمُ قَالَ هَلُ أَتَّبِعُكَ عَلَى أَنْ تُعَلِّمَنِي فِمَّا عُلِّمْتَ مَشَلًا قَالَ إِنَّكَ لَنُ تَسْتَطِيعَ مَعِي صَبُرًا يَا مُوسَى إِنِّي عَلَى عِلْمِ مِنْ عِلْمِ اللَّهِ عَلَّمَنِيهِ لا تَعْلَمُهُ أَنْتَ وَأَنْتَ عَلَى عِلْمِ عَلَّمَكَهُ لا أَعْلَمُهُ قَالَ سَتَجِدُني إِنْ شَاءَ اللَّهُ صَابِرًا وَلَا أَعْصِي لَكَ أَمُرًا فَانْطَلَقَا يَمُشِيانِ عَلَى سَاحِلِ الْبَحْرِ لَيُسَ لَهُمَا سَفِينَةٌ فَمَرَّتُ بِهِمَا سَفِينَةٌ فَكَلَّمُوهُمُ أَنْ يَحُمِلُوهُمَا فَعُرِتَ الْحَضِرُ فَحَمَلُوهُمَا بِغَيْرِ نَوْلِ فَجَاءَ عُصْفُومٌ فَوَقَعَ عَلَى حَرُفِ السَّفِينَةِ فَنَقَرَ نَقُرَةً أَوْ نَقُرَتَيْنِ فِي الْبَحْرِ فَقَالَ الْحَضِرُ يَا مُوسَى مَا نَقَصَ عِلْمِي وَعِلْمُكَمِنُ عِلْمِ اللَّهِ إِلَّا كَنَقُرَةِ هَنَا الْعُصُفُورِ فِي الْبَحْرِ فَعَمَلَ الْحَصِرُ إِلَى لَوْحِ مِنْ أَلْوَاحِ السَّفِينَةِ فَنَزَعَهُ فَقَالَ مُوسَى قَوْمٌ حَمَلُونَا بِغَيْرِ نَوْلِ عَمَلُتَ إِلَى سَفِينَتِهِمُ فَخَرَقُتَهَا لِتُغُرِقَ أَهُلَهَا قَالَ أَلَمُ أَقُلُ إِنَّكَ لَنُ تَسْتَطِيعَ مَعِي

"These people gave us a free lift but you have broken their boat and scuttled it so as to drown its people." Al-Khadir replied, "Didn't I tell you that you will not be able to remain patient with me." Moses said, "Call me not to account for what I forgot." The first (excuse) of Moses was that he had forgotten. Then they proceeded further and found a boy playing with other boys. Al-Khadir took hold of the boy's head from the top and plucked it out with his hands (i.e. killed him). Moses said, "Have you killed an innocent soul who has killed none." Al-Kha,dir replied, "Did I not tell you that you cannot remain patient with me?" Then they both proceeded till when they came to the people of a town, they asked them for food, but they refused to entertain them. Then they found there a wall on the point of collapsing. Al-Khadir repaired it with his own hands. Moses said, "If you had wished, surely you could have taken wages for it." Al-Khadir replied, "This is the parting between you and me." The Prophet added, "May Allah be Merciful to Moses! Would that he could have been more patient to learn more about his story with Al-Khadir.

صَبُرًا قَالَ لَا تُؤَاخِذُني بِمَا نَسِيتُ وَلَا تُرُهِقُنِي مِنُ أَمْرِي عُسْرًا فَكَانَتُ الْأُولَى مِنْ مُوسَى نِسْيَانًا فَانْطَلَقَا فَإِذَا غُلامٌ يَلْعَبُ مَعَ الْغِلْمَانِ فَأَخَذَ الْحُصِرُ بِرَأُسِهِ مِنْ أَعْلَاهُ فَاقْتَلَعَ مَأْسَهُ بِيَدِةِ فَقَالَ مُوسَى أَقَتَلْتَ نَفْسًا رَكِيَّةً بِغَيْرِ نَفْسٍ قَالَ أَلَمُ أَقُلُ لَكَ إِنَّكَ لَنْ تَسْتَطِيعَ مَعِي صَدْرًا قَالَ ابْنُ عُينَنَةً وَهَذَا أَوْكُنُ فَانْطَلَقَا حَتَّى، إِذَا أَتَيَا أَهُلَ قَرْيَةٍ اسْتَطْعَمَا أَهْلَهَا فَأَبَوُا أَن يُضَيِّفُوهُمَا فَوَجَدَا فِيهَا جِدَامًا يُرِيدُ أَنْ يَنْقَضَ فَأَقَامَهُ قَالَ الْحَصِرُ بِيرِهِ فَأَقَامَهُ فَقَالَلَهُ مُوسَى لَوْشِئْتَ لاَتَّخَذُتَ عَلَيْهِ أَجُرًا قَالَ هَذَا فِرَاقُ بَيْنِي وَبَيْنِكَ قَالَ النَّبِيُّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ يَرْحَمُ اللَّهُ مُوسَى لَوَدِدُنَا لَوْصَبَرَحَتَّى يُقَصَّ عَلَيْنَامِنُ أَمْرِهِمَا

Narrated Abu Musa Radiullahu Unho

كىيىث Hadith 125

جَاءَ مَجُلٌ إِلَى النَّبِيِّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ فَقَالَ يَا مَسُولَ اللَّهِ مَا الْقِتَالُ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ فَإِنَّ أَحَدَنَا يُقَاتِلُ غَضَبًا وَيُقَاتِلُ حَمِيَّةً فَرَفَعَ إِلَيْهِ مَأْسَهُ قَالَ وَمَا مَفَعَ إِلَيْهِ مَأْسَهُ إِلَّا أَنَّهُ كَانَ قَائِمًا فَقَالَ مَنْ قَاتَلَ لِتَكُونَ

قَالَ أَبِي مُوسَى رَضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

A man came to the Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam and asked, "O Allah's Apostle! What kind of fighting is in Allah's cause? (I ask this), for some of us fight because of being enraged and angry and some for the sake of his pride and haughtiness." The Prophet raised his head (as the questioner was standing) and said, "He who fights so that Allah's Word (Islam) should be superior, then he fights in Allah's

cause."

كَلِمَةُ اللَّهِ هِي الْعُلْيَا فَهُوَ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ عَزَّ وَجَلَّ

Narrated 'Abdullah bin 'Amar Radiullahu Unho

كىيىث Hadith 126

قَالَ أَعَبُلِ اللَّهِ بُنِ عَمْرٍ وِرَ خِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

saw the Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam near the Jamra and the people were asking him questions (about religious problems). A man asked, "O Allah's Apostle! I have slaughtered the Hadi (animal) before doing the Rami." The Prophet replied, "Do the Rami (now) and there is no harm." Another person asked, "O Allah's Apostle! I got my head shaved before slaughtering the animal." Prophet replied, "Do the slaughtering (now) and there is no harm." So on that day, when the Prophet was asked about anything as regards the ceremonies of Hajj performed before or after its due time his reply was, "Do it (now) and there is no harm."

مَأْيُثُ النَّبِيَّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ عِنْدَ الجُمْرَةِ وَهُوَ مِأْنُ فَقَالَ مَجُلُ يَا مَسُولَ اللَّهِ نَحَرُثُ قَبْلَ أَنُ أَمْمِي يُسْأَلُ فَقَالَ مَجُلُ يَا مَسُولَ اللَّهِ نَحَرُثُ قَبْلَ أَنُ أَمْمِي قَالَ المُوولَ اللَّهِ حَلَقُتُ قَبْلَ قَالَ المُوولَ اللَّهِ حَلَقُتُ قَبْلَ قَالَ المُوولَ اللَّهِ حَلَقُتُ قَبْلَ أَنُ أَنْحَرَ قَالَ انْحَرُ وَلا حَرَجَ فَمَا سُئِلَ عَنْ شَيْءٍ قُلِّمَ وَلا أَنْحَرُ وَلا حَرَجَ فَمَا سُئِلَ عَنْ شَيْءٍ قُلِّمَ وَلا أَنْحَرُ وَلا حَرَجَ فَمَا سُئِلَ عَنْ شَيْءٍ قُلِّمَ وَلا أَنْحَرُ وَلا حَرَجَ فَمَا سُئِلَ عَنْ شَيْءٍ قُلِّمَ وَلا أَنْحَدُ وَلا حَرَجَ فَمَا سُئِلَ عَنْ شَيْءٍ قُلْمَ وَلا أَنْحَدُ وَلا حَرَجَ فَمَا سُئِلَ عَنْ شَيْءٍ قُلْمَ وَلا اللّهِ عَلْمَا لَا اللّهِ عَنْ شَيْءٍ قُلْمَ وَلا عَرْجَ فَمَا سُئِلَ عَنْ شَيْءٍ قُلْمَ وَلا اللّهِ عَنْ شَيْءٍ قُلْمَ وَلا عَرْجَ فَمَا سُئِلَ عَنْ شَيْءٍ قُلْمَ وَلا اللّهِ عَلْمَا لَا اللّهُ عَلْمَا لَا اللّهُ عَلْمَا اللّهُ عَنْ شَيْءٍ قُلْمَا لَا اللّهُ عَلْمَا اللّهُ عَلْمَا اللّهُ عَلْمَا عَنْ شَيْءٍ وَلا حَرَجَ فَمَا سُئِلُ عَنْ شَيْءٍ قُلْلُ اللّهُ عَلْمُ لَا عَنْ شَيْءٍ قُلْمَ اللّهُ عَلْمَا لَا اللّهُ عَلْمُ اللّهُ عَلْمُ لَا عَلَى اللّهُ عَلْمُ اللّهُ عَنْ شَيْءٍ وَلا عَلَى اللّهُ عَلْمَا لَا عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلْمَا لَا عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلْمُ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلْمُ اللّهُ عَلْمُ لَا عَلَى اللّهُ عَلْمُ لَا عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلْمُ لَا عَلَى اللّهُ عَلْمُ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلْمُ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلْمُ اللّهُ عَلْمُ عَلْمُ اللّهُ عَلْمُ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلْمُ عَلْمُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلْمُ عَلْمُ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلْمُ عَلْمُ عَلْمُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلْمُ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلْمُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى الللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْكُولُ اللّهُ عَلَا عَا

Narrated 'Abdullah Radiullahu Unho

كىيىث Hadith 127

قَالَ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ مَضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

While I was going with the Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam through the ruins of Medina and he was reclining on a date-palm leaf stalk, some Jews passed by. Some of them said to the others: Ask him (the Prophet) about the spirit. Some of them said that they should not ask him that question as he might give a reply which would displease them. But some of them insisted on asking, and so one of them stood up and asked, "O Aba-l-Qasim! What is the spirit?" The Prophet remained quiet. I thought he was being inspired Divinely. So I stayed till that state of the Prophet (while being inspired) was over. The Prophet then said, "And they ask you (O Muhammad)

بَيْنَا أَنَا أَمْشِي مَعَ النَّبِيِّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ فِي حَرِبِ الْمُوينَةِ وَهُوَ يَتَوَكَّأُ عَلَى عَسِيبٍ مَعَهُ فَمَرَّ بِنَفَرٍ مِنَ الْمُوينَةِ وَهُو يَتَوكَّأُ عَلَى عَسِيبٍ مَعَهُ فَمَرَّ بِنَفَرٍ مِنَ الْمُورِ فَقَالَ بَعْضُهُمُ لِبَعْضِ سَلُوهُ عَنُ الرُّوحِ وَقَالَ الْيَهُودِ فَقَالَ بَعْضُهُمُ لاتَسْأَلُوهُ لا يَجِيءُ فِيهِ بِشَيْءٍ تَكُرَهُونَهُ فَقَالَ بَعْضُهُمُ لاتَسْأَلُوهُ لا يَجِيءُ فِيهِ بِشَيْءٍ تَكُرَهُونَهُ فَقَالَ بَعْضُهُمُ لاتَسْأَلُوهُ لا يَجِيءُ فِيهِ بِشَيْءٍ تَكُرَهُونَهُ فَقَالَ بَعْضُهُمُ لَا تَسْأَلُوهُ لا يَجِيءُ فِيهِ بِشَيْءٍ تَكُرَهُونَهُ فَقَالَ مَن اللَّهُ وَعَى اللَّهُ وَعَى اللَّهُ وَعَى اللَّهُ وَعَى اللَّهُ وَعَى اللَّهُ وَعَى اللَّوحِ قُلُ الرُّوحُ مِنُ اللَّوحِ قُلُ الرُّوحُ مِنُ اللَّهُ وَعَنْ الرُّوحِ قُلُ الرُّوحُ مِنُ اللَّوحِ قُلُ الرُّوحُ مِن

concerning the spirit Say: The spirit its knowledge is with my Lord. And of knowledge you (mankind) have been given only a little)." (17.85)

أَمُرِيِّ وَمَا أُوتُوامِنُ الْعِلْمِ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا

Narrated Aswad Radiullahu Unho

كلِيث Hadith 128

قَالَ الْأَسُودِيَ ضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam said, "O 'Aisha! Had not your people been still close to the pre-Islamic period of ignorance, Ibn Az-Zubair said, close to disbelief, I (Prophet) would have dismantled the Ka'ba and would have made two doors in it; one for entrance and the other for exit." Later on Ibn Az-Zubair did the same.

قَالَ النَّبِيُّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ يَا عَائِشَةُ لَوُلَا قَوْمُكِ حَدِيثٌ عَهُدُهُمُ قَالَ ابْنُ الزُّبِيْرِ بِكُفْرٍ لِتَقَضَّتُ الْكَعْبَةَ فَجَعَلْتُ لَمَا بَابَيْنِ بَابٌ يَدُخُلُ النَّاسُ وَبَابٌ يَخُرُجُونَ فَفَعَلَهُ ابْنُ الزُّبَيْرِ

Narrated Abu At-Tufail Radiullahu Unho

خبيث Hadith 129

قَالَ أَبِي الطُّفَيْلِ بَخِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

The above mentioned Statement of 'Ali.

Narrated Anas bin Malik Radiullahu Unho

كلِيث Hadith 130

قَالَ أَنَسُ بُنُ مَالِكٍ مِن ضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

"Once Mu'adh was along with Allah's Apostle as a companion rider. Allah's Apostle said Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam, "O Mu'adh bin Jabal." Mu'adh replied, "Labbaik and Sa'daik. O Allah's Apostle!" Again the Prophet said, "O Mu'adh!" Mu'adh said thrice, "Labbaik and Sa'daik, O Allah's Apostle!" Allah's Apostle said, "There is none who testifies sincerely that none has the right to be worshipped but Allah and Muhammad is his Apostle, except that Allah, will save him from the Hell-fire." Mu'adh said, "O Allah's Apostle ! Should I not inform the people about it so that they may have glad tidings?" He replied, "When the people hear about it, they will solely depend on it." Then Mu'adh narrated the above-mentioned Hadith just

أَنَّ النَّبِيَّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ وَمُعاذٌ بَرِيفُهُ عَلَى اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ وَمُعاذٌ بَرِيفُهُ عَلَى اللَّهِ اللَّهِ عَالَ اللَّيْكَ عَالَى اللَّهِ اللَّهِ وَسَعُلَيْكَ قَالَ يَا مُعَاذُ قَالَ اللَّيْكَ فَيَا بَسُولَ اللَّهِ وَسَعُلَيْكَ قَالَ يَا مُعَاذُ قَالَ اللَّيْكَ يَا بَسُولَ اللّهِ وَسَعُلَيْكَ يَا بَسُولَ اللّهِ وَسَعُلَيْكَ يَا بَسُولَ اللّهِ اللّهِ وَسَعُلَيْكَ يَا بَسُولَ اللّهِ وَسَعُلَيْكَ يَا بَسُولَ اللّهِ وَسَعُلَيْكَ أَنْ لا إِللهَ إِلّا حَرَّمَهُ اللّهُ وَأَنَّ عُمَمَّنًا بَسُولُ اللّهِ صِلْقًا مِنْ قَلْبِهِ إِلّا حَرَّمَهُ اللّهُ وَأَنَّ عُمَّنًا بَسُولُ اللّهِ صِلْقًا مِنْ قَلْبِهِ إِللّهَ عَلَى النّابِ قَالَ يَا بَسُولُ اللّهِ أَفَلًا أُخْبِرُ بِهِ النّاسَ اللّهُ عَلَى النّابِ قَالَ يَا بَسُولَ اللّهِ أَفَلًا أُخْبِرُ بِهِ النّاسَ فَالَ إِذًا يَتَكِلُوا وَأَخْبَرَ بِهَا مُعَاذٌ عِنْكَ مَوْتِهِ فَيَسَتَبُشُرُو وَا قَالَ إِذًا يَتَكِلُوا وَأَخْبَرَ بِهَا مُعَاذٌ عِنْكَ مَوْتِهِ فَيَا مَنْ عَلَيْهُ وَا وَأَخْبَرَ بِهَا مُعَاذٌ عِنْكَ مَوْتِهِ قَلْكُ أَنْهُ وَا قَالَ إِذًا يَتَكِلُوا وَأَخْبَرَ بِهَا مُعَاذٌ عِنْكَ مَوْتِهِ قَلْكُولُ وَا قَالَ إِذًا يَتَكِلُوا وَأَخْبَرَ بِهَا مُعَاذٌ عِنْكَ مَوْتِهِ قَلْكُولُ وَا قَالَ إِذًا يَتَكِلُوا وَأَخْبَرَ بِهَا مُعَاذٌ عِنْكَ مَوْتِهِ فَيَالًا مُعَادًا عَلَى اللّهِ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى الللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى الللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْكُولُولُوا وَأَخْبُولُوا وَاللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى الللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى الللهُ عَلَى الللهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى الللّهُ عَلَيْكُولُوا وَا عَلْمُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَى اللّهُ الللهُ عَلَالْ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَل

before his death, being afraid of committing sin (by not telling the knowledge).

Narrated Anas Radiullahu Unho

كىيىث Hadith 131

قَالَ أَنَسُ بُنُ مَالِكٍ مِن ضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

I was informed that the Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam had said to Mu'adh, "Whosoever will meet Allah without associating anything in worship with Him will go to Paradise." Mu'adh asked the Prophet, "Should I not inform the people of this good news?" The Prophet replied, "No, I am afraid, lest they should depend upon it (absolutely)."

أَنَّ النَّبِيَّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ قَالَ المُعَاذِبُنِ جَبَلٍ مَنُ لَقَيَ اللَّهَ لَا يُسَوِّدُ لَقِي اللَّهَ لَا يُسَوِّدُ الجُنَّةَ قَالَ أَلَا أُبَشِّرُ الْقَي اللَّهَ لَا يُسَوِّدُ الجَنَّةَ قَالَ أَلَا أُبَشِّرُ الْقَاسَ قَالَ لَا إِنِّي أَخَاتُ أَنْ يَتَّكِلُوا

Narrated Um Salama Radiullahu Unha

كايث Hadith 132

قَالَتُ أُمِّ سَلَمَةً رَضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهَا

Um-Sulaim came **Apostle** Allah's to Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam and said, "Verily, Allah is not shy of (telling you) the truth. Is it necessary for a woman to take a bath after she has a wet dream (nocturnal sexual discharge?) The Prophet replied Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam, "Yes, if she notices a discharge." Um Salama, then covered her face and asked, "O Allah's Apostle! Does a woman get a discharge?" He replied, "Yes, let your right hand be in dust (An Arabic expression you say to a person when you contradict his statement meaning "you will not achieve goodness"), and that is why the son resembles his mother."

جَاءَتُ أُمُّ سُلَيْمٍ إِلَى مَسُولِ اللّهِ صَلّى اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ فَقَالَتُ يَا مَسُولَ اللّهِ إِنَّ اللّهَ لا يَسْتَحْيِي مِنُ الْحُقِّ فَهَلُ عَلَى اللّهُ إِذَا احْتَلَمَتُ قَالَ النّبِيُّ صَلّى اللّهُ عَلَى الْمُرْأَةُ مِنْ غُسُلٍ إِذَا احْتَلَمَتُ قَالَ النّبِيُّ صَلّى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلّمَ إِذَا مَأْتُ الْمُاءَ فَعَطّتُ أُمُّ سَلَمَةً تَعْنِي عَلَيْهِ وَسَلّمَ إِذَا مَأْتُ الْمُاءَ فَعَطّتُ أُمُّ سَلَمَةً تَعْنِي عَلَيْهِ وَسَلّمَ إِذَا مَأْتُ الْمُاءَ فَعَطّتُ أُمُّ سَلَمَةً تَعْنِي وَجُهَهَا وَقَالَتُ يَا مَسُولَ اللّهِ أَوْتَحْتَلِمُ الْمُرُأَةُ قَالَ نَعَمُ وَجُهَهَا وَقَالَتُ يَا مَسُولَ اللّهِ أَوْتَحْتَلِمُ الْمُرْأَةُ قَالَ نَعَمُ تَوْمِي مَيْئُوفِ فَيِمَ يُشْهِهَا وَلَنُهَا

Narrated 'Abdullah bin 'Umar Radiullahu Unho

كىيىث Hadith 133

قَالَ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ بُنِ عُمَرَى ضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

Once Allah's Apostle Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam said, "Amongst the trees there is a tree, the leaves of which do not fall and is like a Muslim, tell me the name of that

أَنَّ ىَسُولَ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ قَالَ إِنَّ مِنْ الشَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ قَالَ إِنَّ مِنْ الشَّجَرِ شَجَرَةً لَا يَسْقُطُ وَىَ قُهَا وَهِي مَثَلُ الْمُسْلِمِ

tree." Everybody started thinking about the trees of the desert areas and I thought of the date-palm tree but felt shy (to answer). The others asked, "O Allah's Apostle! inform us of it." Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam replied, "it is the date-palm tree." I told my father what had come to my mind and on that he said, "Had you said it I would have preferred it to such and such a thing that I might possess."

حَرِّثُونِ مَا هِي فَوقَعَ النَّاسُ فِي شَجَرِ الْبَادِيةِ وَوَقَعَ فِي نَفْسِي أُنَّمَا النَّخُلَةُ قَالَ عَبْنُ اللَّهِ فَاسْتَحْيَيْتُ فَقَالُوا يَا نَفْسِي أُنَّمَا النَّخُلَةُ قَالَ عَبْنُ اللَّهِ فَاسْتَحْيَيْتُ فَقَالُوا يَا بَسُولَ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ بَسُولَ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ بَسُولَ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ هِي النَّخُلَةُ قَالَ عَبْنُ اللَّهِ فَحَلَّ ثُنُ اللَّهِ فَحَلَّ ثُنُ اللَّهِ فَحَلَّ ثُنُ اللَّهِ فَكَلَّ ثُنُ اللَّهِ فَكَلَّ ثُنُ اللَّهِ فَكَلَّ ثُنُ اللَّهُ فَكَلَّ أَنْ يَكُونَ لِي نَفْسِي فَقَالَ لَأَنْ تَكُونَ قُلْتَهَا أَحَبُ إِلِيَّ مِنْ أَنْ يَكُونَ لِي كَنُ اوَكُنَا اللَّهِ فَكَلَّا أَنْ يَكُونَ لِي كَنُ اوَكُنَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ كَنْ اوَكُنَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ اللَّهُ الْعُنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْعُلُولُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللللَّهُ الللللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللللللَّهُ اللللللَّهُ الللللْلِلْمُ اللللللْلُولُولُول

Narrated 'Ali Radiullahu Unho

كىيىث Hadith 134

قَالَ عَلِيَّ مَضِيَ اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

I used to get the emotional urethral discharge frequently so I requested Al-Miqdad to ask the Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam about it. Al-Miqdad asked him and he replied, "One has to perform ablution (after it)."

كُنْتُ ىَجُلًا مَنَّاءً فَأَمَرُتُ الْمِقْدَادَ بَنَ الْأَسُودِ أَنَ يَسُأَلُ النَّبِيَّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ فَسَأَلُهُ فَقَالَ فِيهِ الْوُضُوءُ

Narrated Nafi Radiullahu Unho

كىيىث Hadith 135

قَالَ نَافِعٌ مَضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

'Abdullah bin 'Umar said: "A man got up in the mosque and said: O Allah's Apostle 'At which place you order us that we should assume the Ihram?' Allah's Apostle replied Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam, 'The residents of Medina should assure the Ihram from Dhil-Hulaifa, the people of Syria from AlJu,hfa and the people of Najd from Qarn." Ibn 'Umar further said, "The people consider that Allah's Apostle Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam had also said, 'The residents of Yemen should assume Ihram from Yalamlam.' "Ibn 'Umar used to say, "I do not: remember whether Allah's Apostle Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam had said the

عَنْ عَبْرِ اللّهِ بُنِ عُمَر أَنَّ بَهُلَا قَامَ فِي الْمُسُحِرِ فَقَالَ يَا اللّهِ مِنْ أَيْنَ تَأْمُرُنَا أَنْ هُلِلّ فَقَالَ بَسُولُ اللّهِ صَلّى اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلّمَ يُهِلّ أَهُلُ الْمُكِينَةِ مِنْ ذِي صَلّى اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلّمَ يُهِلّ أَهُلُ الْمُكِينَةِ مِنْ إِلَى عُمَلَ الْمُكِينَةِ مِنْ أَهُلُ الْمُكِينَةِ وَيُهِلُ أَهُلُ الْمُكَايِفَةِ وَيُهِلُ أَهُلُ الشَّأَمِ مِنْ الجُحْفَةِ وَيُهِلُ أَهُلُ الْمُكَايِفَةِ وَيُهِلُ أَهُلُ الشَّامِ مِنْ الجُحْفَةِ وَيُهِلُ أَهُلُ الْمُكَايِفَةِ وَيُهِلُ أَهُلُ الشَّامِ مِنْ الجُحْفَةِ وَيُهِلُ أَهُلُ اللّهِ مَنْ تَرُنٍ وَقَالَ البَّنُ عُمَرَ وَيَزُعُمُونَ أَنَّ مَسُولَ اللّهِ صَلّى اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلّمَ قَالَ وَيُهِلُ أَهُلُ الْيَمَنِ مِنْ يَلُولُ اللّهِ مَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلّمَ قَالَ وَيُهِلُ أَهُلُ الْيَمَنِ مِنْ يَلُولُ لَمُ أَفَقَهُ هَذِوْمِنَ مَسُولِ يَلَمُلَمَ وَكَانَ ابْنُ عُمَرَ يَقُولُ لَمُ أَفَقَهُ هَذِوْمِنَ مَسُولِ يَلَمُلَمَ وَكَانَ ابْنُ عُمَرَ يَقُولُ لَمُ أَفَقَهُ هَذِوْمِنَ مَسُولِ يَلَمُلَمَ وَكَانَ ابْنُ عُمَرَ يَقُولُ لَمُ أَفَقَهُ هَذِوْمِنَ مَسُولِ يَلَمُلَمَ وَكَانَ ابْنُ عُمَرَ يَقُولُ لَمُ أَفَقَهُ هَذِوْمِنَ مَسُولِ يَلَمُلَمَ وَكَانَ ابْنُ عُمَرَ يَقُولُ لَمُ أَفَقَهُ هَذِوْمِنَ مَسُولِ يَلَمُلَمَ وَكَانَ ابْنُ عُمَرَ يَقُولُ لَمُ أَفَقَهُ هَذِوْمِنَ مَسُولِ يَلْمُلَمَ وَكَانَ ابْنُ عُمَرَ يَقُولُ لَمُ أَفَقَهُ هَذِو مِنْ مَسُولِ يَلّمُلُمُ وَكَانَ ابْنُ عُمَرَ يَقُولُ لَمُ أَنْ فَلَا لَا لَهُ عُولُ اللّهُ الْمُلْمَالِهُ وَكَانَ الْمُنْ عُمْرَ يَقُولُ لَا لَاللّهُ عَلَيْ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ عُمْرَ وَكَانَ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللللّهُ اللللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الْفُلُهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللللّهُ الللللّهُ اللّهُ اللللّهُ الللللّهُ الللللّهُ الللللْ الللللّهُ الللللّهُ اللللللْمُ الللللللّهُ الل

last statement or not?"

اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ

Narrated Ibn 'Umar Radiullahu Unho

كىيىث Hadith 136

قَالَ ابْنِ عُمَرَ رَضِي اللَّهُ عَنْهُ

A man asked the Prophet Sallallahu Alaihe Wasallam: "What (kinds of clothes) should a Muhrim (a Muslim intending to perform 'Umra or Hajj) wear? He replied, "He should not wear a shirt, a turban, trousers, a head cloak or garment scented with saffron or Wars (kinds of perfumes). And if he has no slippers, then he can use Khuffs (leather socks) but the socks should be cut short so as to make the ankles bare."

عَنُ النَّبِيِّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ أَنَّ بَجُلًا سَأَلَهُ مَا يَلْبَسُ الْفُحْرِمُ فَقَالَ لَا يَلْبَسُ الْقَمِيصَ وَلَا الْعِمَامَةَ وَلَا السَّرَاوِيلَ وَلَا الْبُرُنُسَ وَلاَ تُوبًا مَسَّهُ الْوَبُسُ أَوُ الرَّعُفَرَانُ فَإِنْ لَمْ يَجِلُ النَّعُلَيْنِ فَلْيَلْبَسُ الْفَقَيْنِ وَلْيَقُطُعُهُمَا حَتَى يَكُونَا تَحُتَ الْكَعُبَيْنِ وَلَيْقُطُعُهُمَا حَتَى يَكُونَا تَحُتَ الْكَعُبَيْنِ وَلَيْقُطُعُهُمَا حَتَى يَكُونَا تَحُتَ الْكَعُبَيْنِ وَلَيْقُطُعُهُمَا حَتَى يَكُونَا تَحُتَ الْكَعُبَيْنِ



